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VONONES I

Next Meeting:
March 10, 2010



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The Planchet

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Next Club Meeting

Wednesday, March 10, 2010

Royal Alberta Museum 12845 - 102 Avenue

Meeting starts 7:30pm

Please join us this March and meet fellow collectors from the Edmonton area.

- * Spring Money Show review
- * Refreshments
- * Door prizes draw
- * Silent Auction (members bring your items)
- * **talk#1: "The Rise and Fall of the Follis"**
by: Terence Cheesman
- * **talk#2: "The many answers to the question 'What was the first dollar?'"** by: Markus Molenda
- * Show and Tell - members are encouraged to bring any new acquisitions from the Spring Money Show

For more information regarding these events, please send an email to editor_ens@yahoo.ca

Message from the President

I would like to thank everyone who supported my decision to become of the president of the Edmonton Numismatic Society. There was a lot of encouragement from the membership and I hope to rise to the challenge.

This is my 21st year as a member of the ENS and being President is a big pair of shoes to fill. Those that have come before have turned this club from a small gathering of enthusiastic coin and paper money collectors to an exciting, vibrant group of numismatists dedicated to providing both a social and educational atmosphere for all members.

This upcoming decade will continue to lead to challenges for the ENS. We have a loyal membership and dedicated volunteers that will ensure that we overcome every obstacle in our path.

We are just days away from our spring coin show. It has been exiting to see the show flourish and grow in both attendance and prestige. Edmonton's show continues to prove to be one of the best shows in Canada. I am sure that this upcoming show will be no different.

I hope to see you all there.

David Peter, President ENS



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Please accept my application for membership in the Edmonton Numismatic Society, subject to the Bylaws of the Society. I also agree to abide by the Code of Ethics adopted by the Society.

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HOW TO APPLY / REGISTER and PAY

- in person at any ENS meeting or show
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- electronically via the ENS website at
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cheques payable to: The Edmonton Numismatic Society

for further details see the ENS website

www.edmontoncoinclub.com

About Your Society

February 10, 2010 Annual General Meeting, was called to order by David Peter, Vice President.

Ray Neiman wanted to notify the club members that the 'dts Average' is now available in different formats for purchase. Examples were provided and he had more at his store should anyone be interested in purchasing a copy.

The ENS financial statement for the fiscal year 2009 was presented at the February AGM. The books and statement had been reviewed by Terence Cheesman and Marvin Berger. All members present had an opportunity to review. A basic synopsis was provided by the treasurer. It had been a good year and the club is in a solid financial position. A motion was made to adopt the financial statement as presented and reviewed. This motion was seconded and carried unanimously. The financial statement and other relevant required documentation was filled with the Alberta government. Confirmation of receipt and acceptance of these has been received as of 27 February 2010. The ENS remains in good standing under the Alberta Societies Act

Secretary's report; - submitted by Marc Bink. Move to accept as information: Pierre Driessen, 2nd, Mitch Goudreau, unanimous vote.

Marc Bink discussed the year end for the club. Last year there were 135 paid members, which is up 17 from the previous year of 122. So far this year 40% of members have paid their annual dues. He will be applying for all RCNA awards that we can qualify for: Club-of-the-Year and Publication-of-the-Year (*The Planchet*). We have done a lot of new initiatives in the club this last year, including increasing the number of workshops and talks. Also attempted were workshops at the Money Shows but unfortunately there was not a lot of interest from show attendees. The appraisal tables at the show and Kids-on-Coins tables have been great hits and are seen as a definite value add to our regular shows. A lot of work has been occurring on *The Planchet* to ensure it becomes a reputable publication and provides valuable services to club members. Pierre Driessen motioned to accept Marc's report and Mitch Gaudreau seconded. A unanimous vote was completed.

Jamie Horkulak, President, took the floor and gave a heartfelt thank you to the club, its members, elected officials and volunteers for his tenure as

club President for the last three years.

Pierre Driessen reminded the membership if anyone has any issues regarding club operations to please address them to any member of the Executive and they will be handled accordingly. Members are encouraged to attend executive meetings.

A presentation on Serbian coinage from 1868 – 1917 was given by Mirko Dumanovic.

Roger Grove, Editor-In-Chief of *The Planchet*, announced he was going to submit to the RCNA for the Jerome H. Remick III Literary Award – awarded to the best numismatic article published in a local coin club bulletin in Canada. Several articles were chosen as finalists and copies were available for all attending members to read. Voting ballots were available for members to vote on their top three choices and at the end of the meeting a winner will be declared. Articles to choose from were:

- English and British regal base coinage (part III) – Pierre Driessen
- Love Tokens – Matthew Sztym
- Roman Realities 31 B.C. – Terrance Cheesman
- What can a guy find for a Thaler? – Marc Bink
- A Penny's Worth (2000P dime) – Marc Bink
- Defacing Coins as a form of Political Action – Graham Sproule
- French Experiments with Paper Money (part I) - Pierre Driessen
- Tetradrachm of Mithradates II - Terrance Cheesman
- The One That Got Away ... - Marc Bink
- English and British regal base coinage (part IV) – Pierre Driessen
- Show Me a Coin Used for Paying Tax - Graham Sproule
- Mutilated Money (part 3 of 6) – Matthew Sztym
- The Imperial Eagle of France – Pierre Driessen
- The U.S. Standing Liberty Quarter, 1916 – 30 – Marc Bink

Pierre took the floor to discuss the upcoming Spring Edmonton Money Show on March 6 & 7. Members were encouraged to complete an exhibit, which could be on any numismatic related subject. At the annual RCNA convention in the summer, there were many exhibits which were numismatic related but

stepped outside the box, and they can be used as inspiration for our show. If anyone is interested in completing an exhibit, please see Terry Cheesman, the Exhibit Chair. ENS cases would be provided to exhibitors and judging will be based on RCNA criteria.

Nomination committee member Marc Bink called out for more nominations or any additions to the list. Larry Priestnall was nominated from the floor, and it was determined that Joe Kennedy was inadvertently omitted and he was added, and Bob Eriksson was removed (at his request) from the slate of candidates. Secretary Marc Bink called for any more nominations 3 times. Jim Kindrake moved that nominations cease, 2nd by Dan Gosling, Chris Hale. The executive was deemed elected by acclamation, no vote was necessary as no positions were contested.

New Executive for 2010:

President	David Peter
Vice President	Marc Bink
Secretary (Recording)	Roger Grove
Treasurer	Pierre Driessen
Editor	Roger Grove
Past President	Jamie Horkulak

Secretarial duties to be split up between Vice

President and Secretary. The Vice President retains control over memberships, award entries, and retains documentation for such. Since the Secretary is also the Editor of the Planchet, he will record and file minutes of all general meetings and executive meetings, and any correspondence as directed by the president.

Directors: (in no particular order)

Greg Wichman, Terry Cheesman, Bill Demontigny, Mitch Goudreau, Howard Gilbey, John Callaghan, Marv Berger, Chris Hale, Larry Priestnall, Joe Kennedy.

Nomination committee (Marc Bink & Pierre Driessen) was thanked and disbanded by Incoming President David Peter.

Incoming President, David Peter, thanked Jamie for the services he did for the club as President over the last three years.

The article of the year was determined based on the voting of the membership – the winner was A Penny's Worth (2000P dime) by Marc Bink.

Meeting adjourned and members reconvened at Boston Pizza 124st for further discussions about numismatics.



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1895 PCGS MS64RB	\$650.00	\$400.00		1875H ICCS VF30	\$3750.00	\$3500.00
1898 PCGS MS65RB	\$2600.00	\$2200.00		1885 PCGS AU50	\$2800.00	\$2100.00
1900 PCGS MS65RB	\$3000.00+	\$2000.00		1887 ICCS AU50 CI.	\$3500.00	\$2800.00
1916 ICCS MS65RD	\$650.00	\$550.00		1912 PCGS MS63	\$1750.00	\$1350.00
Five Cent				Fifty Cent		
1875H LD PCGS VF30	\$1200.00	\$1100.00		1872H PCGS MS62	\$9000.00	\$7800.00
1885 5/5 VF30	\$535.00	\$450.00		1872H A/V ICCS VF30	\$3650.00	\$3500.00
1897 N8/W8 PCGS AU55	\$550.00	\$475.00		1890H PCGS EF45	\$12600.00	\$10520.00
1899 PCGS MS64	\$1100.00	\$800.00		1914 PCGS MS63	\$15000.00	\$12000.00
1925 ICCS EF45	\$550.00	\$450.00		1947 MLCR ICCS EF40		\$5200.00
Ten Cent				One Dollar		
1872H ICCS AU50	\$1350.00	\$1050.00		1938 PCGS MS64	\$825.00	\$675.00
1875H PCGS AU53	\$5400.00	\$4000.00		1945 ICCS MS63	\$900.00	\$750.00
1884 PCGS EF45	\$3875.00	\$3000.00		1946 PCGS MS64	\$1600.00	\$1350.00
1889 PCGS VF25	\$3750.00	\$3300.00		1948 MS60	\$1900.00	\$1750.00
1893RT ICCS VF20	\$4000.00	\$3850.00		1950 PCGS MS66	\$1500.00	\$1200.00
			Currency			
1870 Commercial Bank \$5.00 F&B PF	\$1900.00	\$1400.00		1912 DC-21c F	\$1200.00	\$1150.00
1870 Commercial Bank \$10.00 F&B PF	\$1900.00	\$1400.00		1935 BC-3 \$2.00 EF++	\$1250.00	\$1000.00
1872 Molsons Bank \$4.00 F&B PF	\$2500.00	\$1950.00		1935 BC-9b PCGS VF20	\$2200.00	\$1890.00
1878 DC-8e-iii-o \$1.00 F-15	\$1325.00	\$1100.00		1935 BC-11 F+	\$4800.00	\$4600.00
1887 DC-11 \$2.00 F	\$2400.00	\$1900.00		1937 BC-27b \$100 Unc. +	\$1150.00	\$975.00
1897 DC-14b Abt VF	\$1750.00	\$1400.00		1954 BC-34a \$50.00 CUnc.	\$1650.00	\$1450.00

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A Penny's Worth

by Marc Bink, Vice-President ENS

A Hansa Thaler

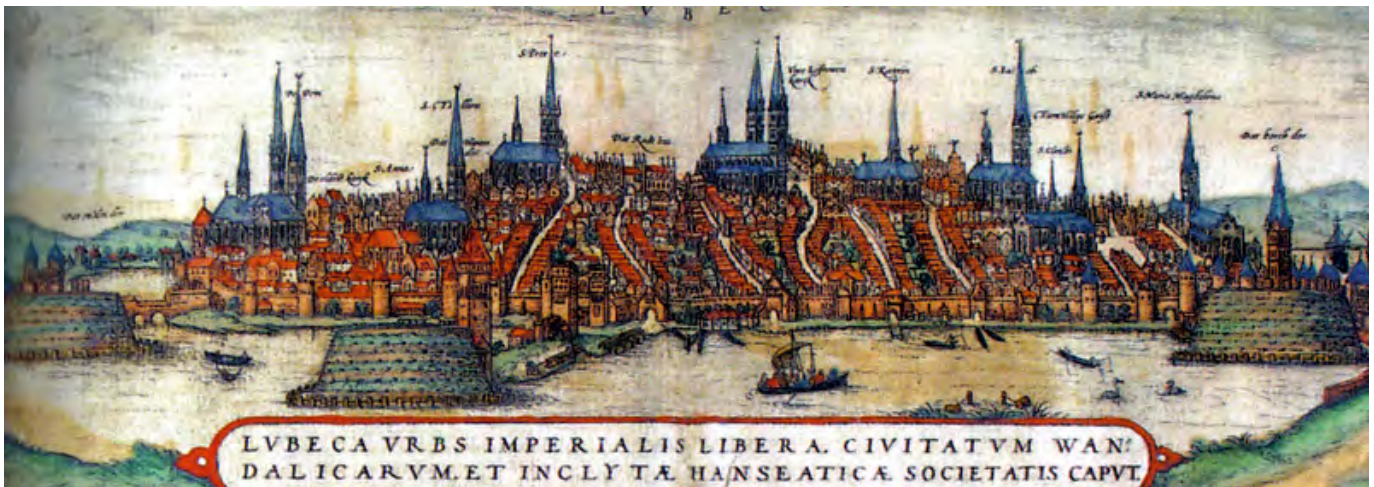
This month marks the final installment of a series of articles on medieval German Thalers. So in honour of that, I've decided to cover a Thaler from my home town of Luebeck, a place which most readers probably have never even heard of. I've been collecting coins from Luebeck for about 8 years now, and they are few and far between, and tend to be pretty expensive. Some readers who have come to our bi-annual Money Shows probably have seen my display on the coins of Luebeck, or have been a captive audience to one of my presentations on Luebeck at one of our meetings. To those, I apologize; I'll try and keep it short and sweet!

Luebeck is a city in northern Germany situated on the Baltic coast, about 40 km north-east of Hamburg. It is built on an island that is surrounded by two rivers which flow out into the Baltic, providing a naturally protected harbour. It was founded in 1159 by Henry the Lion of Saxony, who burned down an existing Slavic settlement called Luibice that had existed on the same site. By 1181, the new town of Luebeck was granted Imperial Minting rights and had started making its own coinage. These first coins were bracteates, simple one-sided thin silver coins that had an impression punched through so that it was visible on either side. Most of these small penny sized coins circulated locally and not many survive in any kind of condition today. In about 1353, Luebeck started



Extensively rebuilt after being almost destroyed in 1942, St. Mary's cathedral is the largest example of the North German Gothic style. It took its current form in around 1350 and is considered the "city church". There are 4 other cathedrals of similar or lesser size in Luebeck, all of them founded and erected in the same era, from 1180 to 1380.

minting a newer more modern style "Civic coinage", which featured Luebeck's coat of arms of a double-headed eagle on one side, and a cross much like an English penny on the other. The bracteates started



This is probably what many a trader saw when entering the Luebeck harbour. Woodcut, circa 1450.



*Luebeck, Schilling, 1468-1506. This coin is about the same size as a contemporary English Groat. Note the detail; the standards are as good as any in Europe at that time.
Ref: Saurma 3492-63, Behrens 63*

disappearing after that point, and the coinage style matured and grew more sophisticated as Luebeck's wealth increased.

The reason why Luebeck grew wealthy was because they had formed a partnership with a number of other north German cities, called the "Hansa". (German for "guild".) The Hansa was created primarily out of a need to keep the Vikings in Denmark in check. Luebeck became the base for merchants from Saxony and Westphalia and therefore, became the leading city in the league, and was referred to as the "Queen of the Hansa". This Hanseatic League remained the dominant trading conglomerate from about 1267 until it disbanded or fell apart in the 16th century. Essentially, the Hansa traded between England, Germany, the Low Countries, Scandinavia, and up as far east as Russia. Each member of the League furnished ships and arms to each other, and were bound to help each other out if attacked. They set up their own legal and political system and as such many ex-Hansa cities in Germany are still considered separate from any other province in Germany. Besides Luebeck, Hamburg and Bremen still refer to themselves as "Free Hanseatic Cities". Luebeck remained an important trading town after the Hansa fell apart in 1669, but was soon eclipsed by Hamburg and the overland trade to the west forged by the Saxons during this same time period. It's mastery of the seas was replaced by a British monopoly, with Amsterdam or London replacing it as primary trading cities. It retained its independence and minting rights until 1937, when Hitler decided to strip the city of its rights and incorporate it into the province of Schleswig-Holstein as payback for a snub the Luebeck Senate inflicted on him for not allowing him to

speak there during the 1932 election campaign. Hitler referred to Luebeck as "that dumpy little city near Hamburg", and didn't shed a tear for it when the British bombed it in 1942. The feelings were mutual, as Luebeckers never shed a tear for Hitler after he got flattened either. Luebeck was again granted "Free City" status in 1949 with the establishment of the Federal Republic.

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Luebeck, Witten, First Civic coinage, 1353-1379: This coin is about the same size and weight as a contemporary English Penny. Ref: Saurma 3483-63, Behrens 44.

By the mid 20th century, Luebeck was mere shadow of itself. Economically, it only produced Marzipan, (an almond paste, used in confectionaries) and its biggest draw was tourism. Ship building had ceased, and while it still maintained a port, it was replaced in importance by Hamburg. Growth had more or less stopped. The old part of the city was a snap-shot of a late medieval town; not much had changed since the city walls were pulled down 120 years earlier. The skyline was dominated by the seven towers of the cathedrals built in the 14th century. The narrow streets were filled with old houses and architectural treasures dating back hundreds of years. With World War II came the British, who on Palm Sunday in 1942, insisted on renovating the core of the old city to the tune of around 60% total destruction. It's said that they were trying out some new incendiaries that they would eventually use to flatten Hamburg with a few months later. Had it not been for the Red Cross declaring Luebeck an open city in 1943, they would have no doubt come back to finish the job. It's taken the last 60 years, but the core of the old city has been largely rebuilt and the skyline again features the seven towers, - now reinforced with concrete. Today Luebeck is still a port to the Scandinavian north, and efforts are being made to preserve the look and flair of the old city while updating and modernizing the utilities underneath. And yes, the Marzipan is still good too.

Luebeck minted coins for civic use from 1350 until 1918. While these last series of coins were minted in

Berlin, the first coins were minted in Luebeck and by the 18th century, they were minted in Hamburg. At the height of the Hansa, Luebeck's coins were well made, "modern" medieval designs, where there seemed to be some quality controls in place, and the silver was good. The Hansa used its own system of currency, where 3 pfennigs made a "Witten", two "Witten" made a "Sechsling", two "Sechsling" made a "Schilling", and 32 Schillinge made a Reichsthaler, or Thaler. This monetary system remained in place until 1806. By the 17th century, wars had put a huge dent into Luebeck's economy, and the Schilling was devalued to 48 to a Thaler. After Napoleon's escapades through Europe, Luebeck was nominally tied to the Danish Crown, and Danish Skillings circulated there until the currency reform of 1871.

Luebeck started minting Thalers in around 1502, mostly as a result of having to keep up with what was going on in southern Germany at the time. Most of Luebeck's revenues came in from the south, with Saxon merchants using Luebeck's port and ships to trade their goods all over the Baltic. With the advent of the Guildengroschen and its eventual replacement by the Thaler, Luebeck needed a coin which was based on the same standards which were prevalent in the south.

The Thaler in my collection dates to 1573. It features an effigy of St. John the Baptist with a Lamb on the obverse, and the Luebecker Double-eagle with Imperial titles on the reverse. The obverse side has the titles "MONETA NOVA

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Luebeck, Thaler, 1573. Not the first coin issued with John the Baptist on it who had by then become the patron saint of the City. Just what that is above the lamb is anyone's guess, it looks like a pair of bloomers being run through with a sword. The Reverse side features the City Double-eagle with the denomination of "32" depicted in the centre of the bird inside what's known as the "Reichs-apfel", or "Imperial apple", which was common to a lot of imperial-sanctioned minting-states by that time.

LUBECENSIS" which refers to Luebeck's civic coinage, separated by the mintmaster's mark at the top. The duck mintmark refers to mintmaster Joachim Dalemann, who worked from 1559 until 1580. The portcullis marks on the bottom of the obverse side that flank the city shield are that of the Burgermeister (Mayor) Hieronymus Lueneburg, who died exactly 430 years ago on February 26, 1580. Each issue from the start in 1502 until into the 17th century had a Burgermeister's mark on the coin, and the mintmaster's mark was used until the very end of the civic coinage in 1797. So with every new Burgermeister or mintmaster came a new issue of coins, which accounts for odd release dates of some of the series. As sort of a quality control, older issues were expected to be turned in once the Burgermeister died to be re-coined with new titles or marks. This allowed the City senate to keep track of how much coin was "out there" and determine the city's wealth. Most other city-states, or even countries followed similar practices during this time period, which can account for the relative scarcity of these coins now.

The coin follows the guidelines established in the Reichsmunzordnung of 1559, meaning that it weighs 29.2 grams and is struck in .889 fineness silver. This coin looks like it was double struck, there is quite a bit of ghosting on the obverse side, and some of the lettering in the reverse legend is doubled. The flan itself has a nice crack at the 10 o'clock position that runs through the coin. It may have been mounted in jewelry at some point, as a lot of Thalers were, but it's hard to tell considering

that most of these flans would have been hand-shaved to the correct weight at the mint. The coin itself is in pretty good shape; - it would be considered "Schoen" in Germany, or "fine", but we'd call it VF over here.

Values for these coins are generally very expensive for a collector on a budget. Most that I've seen start in the \$300.00 mark and in better grades hit as high as \$3000.00 or more. Rare or "City-View" Thalers are almost priceless. Needless to say I searched hard and long before I got this example, and I think the only reason I got it as cheap as I did was because it had suffered a brutal cleaning. I turned it over to one of our club's conservation experts who laboured long and hard to get it to start re-toning properly. Now it's beginning to look like it should again, and with a little more exposure to smog and the generally sulfurous air around the Edmonton area it should gradually take on the colour it should have had to begin with, and it's value is steadily increasing again.

This leads to another ugly problem with a lot of older coins, and medieval ones in particular; - cleaning. Most coins have been cleaned at some point in their "lives". It just depends when and how harsh the cleaning was. Some were cleaned (polished, or dipped) regularly by collectors up until about 50 years ago. Others got cleaned up when they were mounted into jewelry, or after they were cracked out. It's very rare to see a good coin that is over 200 years old that hasn't been cleaned, especially higher grade ones where cleaning may

not be as evident. It takes a good eye and a lot of experience in dealing with medieval coins to figure out if and when the coin was cleaned. I can safely say that I have neither a good eye nor enough experience, but with every medieval coin I pick up I'm learning more.

Collecting medieval Thalers can be very enjoyable, there's a wide variety to choose from, a lot of countries or states made them, and they're some of the best coins made during that period. They're big and heavy; the designs are usually very intricate and are the epitome of the medieval coiner's art. The only downside to them is one will never be able to build a good type set of all of them, the listings for some German cities number in the hundreds, and there are thousands more individual designs and dates. Costs can be prohibitive if one is trying to create any kind of set of them. So I'm probably going to pick up the odd one here and there, but they won't be the main focus of my collecting.

So this concludes my series of medieval German Thalers, I had as much fun researching and writing about them as I did collecting them. But now I'm running out of topics, and would appreciate some input from the readers, - what would you like to see in a future article? What should I write about? I've got a few topics I'm researching, but there isn't enough there yet to make a credible article. So if you have any ideas, don't hesitate to let me know, email me, phone me, or send me a letter, and I'll look into it!

Sources:

All sources are German language sources, with the exception of the Wikipedia articles. One thing I found while researching this article is that there isn't much reference material available on Luebeck in English.

Muenzen und Medallien der Stadt un Bistums Luebeck, Heinrich Behrens, 1905, Berlin, this is a registered reprint copyrighted to Winfried Bogon Verlag, Berlin 2008

Die Saurmasche Muenzsammeling, Weyl, Berlin, 1892, this is a registered reprint copyrighted to Gesellschaft Fuer Internationale Geldgeschichte, Frankfurt/Main, date unknown.

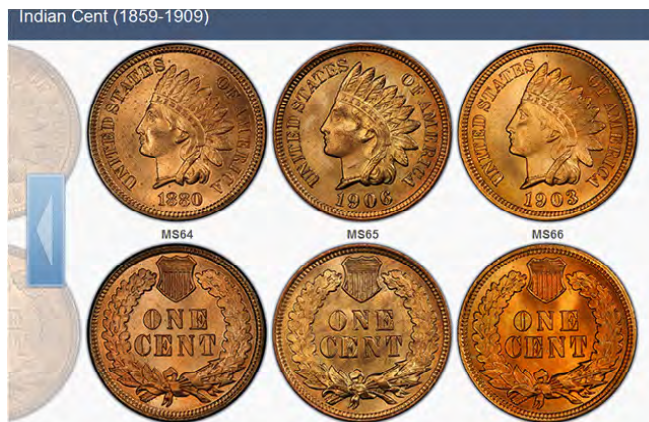
Bomber gegen Luebeck, Wilde, 1999, Schmidt-Roemhild, Luebeck

Internet: Wikipedia articles on Luebeck and the Hansa, and the official site for the City of Luebeck plus other links for background history of the city.



PCGS On-Line Photograde Service

PCGS has a new feature on their website, a free on-line photograde service. Users begin by selecting any U.S. denomination and then choosing the specific issue of coin desired. Deepening on the issue, full colour pictures of the obverse and reverse of coins will be displayed from FR-2 to MS-68, including in-between grades. The well defined colour images allow for one click zoom in for a detailed picture of what a coin of the grade looks like. This is a very handy tool for collectors of U.S. coins and it can be downloaded to the iPhone and iPod Touch. The photograde service can be accesses directly from PCGS at <http://www.pcg.com/Photograde/#>.



2010 Spring Edmonton's Money Show

The Edmonton Numismatic Society presents the Spring 2010 Edmonton Money Show - Canada's largest coin show.

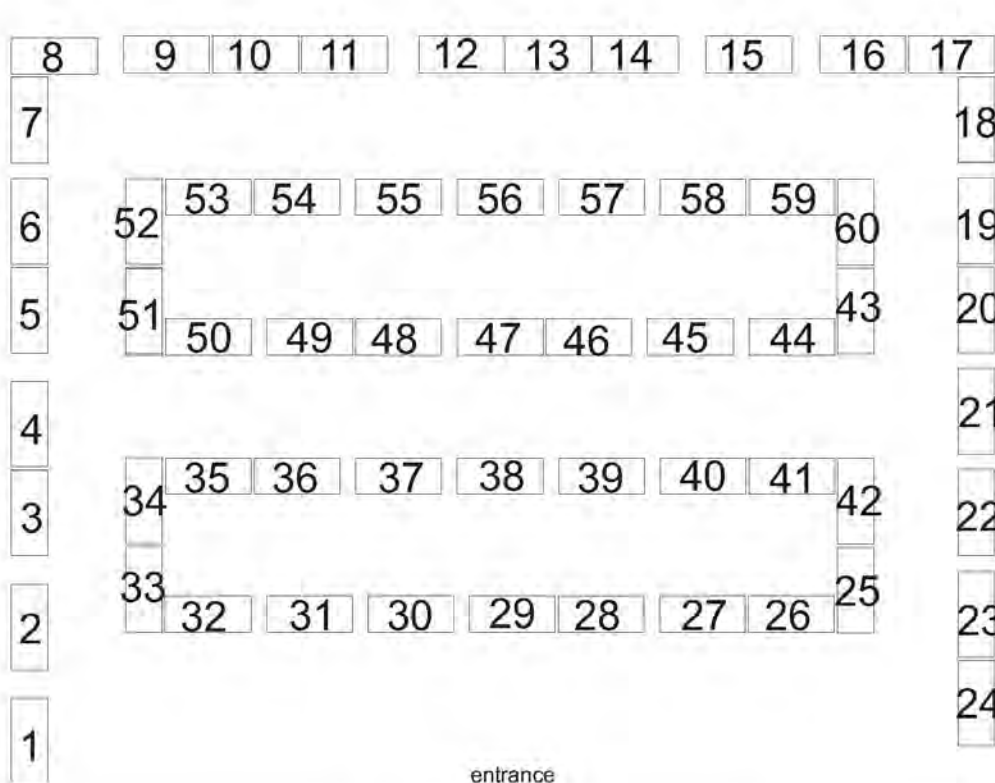
Saturday, March 6th – 10:00 am – 5:30 pm

Sunday, March 7th – 10:00 am – 4:30 pm

Location: Mayfield Inn and Suites, 16615 – 109 Ave., Edmonton.

With 29 dealers scheduled to be on hand, there will be something for everyone: Canadian decimal, United States, European, ancient, medieval, tokens, medals, bullion, banknotes, and much more.

Also at this show will be the Kids-On-Coins table and a free Appraisal table, sponsored by volunteer members of the Edmonton Numismatic Society.



- 1 - M 7
- 2 - Loose Change
- 3, 4 - Classic Cash
- 5, 6 - ENS Club
- 7, 8 - Kids-On-Coins
- 9, 10, 11 - George Manz Coins
- 12, 13, 14 - MRCS
- 15 - DB & B
- 16, 17 - Andy McCaig
- 18 - Windward
- 19, 20 - B & W Coins
- 21 - House of Coins
- 22 - Nuphilex
- 23, 24 - Clyde Vincent
- 25, 26, 27 - Newcan
- 28, 29 - Diverse Equities
- 30 - Charles Moore
- 31 - Chantou
- 32, 33 - Balmoral
- 34, 35, 36 - Hub City Collectables
- 37 - CCPM
- 38 - Kanamerican
- 39 - A & E (Ancient Numismatic)
- 40, 41, 42 - Calgary Coin
- 43, 44 - David Peter Coin
- 46, 47 - National Pride
- 48, 49 - TCNC
- 50, 51 - J & J Coins
- 52, 53, 54 - Howard Gilbey Coins
- 57 - Lorans Coins
- 58, 59, 60 - West Edmonton Coin & Stamp

Dealer table listing for the March 6 & 7, 2010
ENS Edmonton Money & Coin Show
Mayfield Inn and Suites

this listing is subject to change without notice

55, 70, 71 - ENS club member displays

Book Review by Serge Pelletier

Title	Monnaies françaises 1789-2009
Edition	19 th
Author	PASTRONE, Francesco
Publisher	Éditions Victor Gadoury
Year	2009
Language	French
Illustrated	Yes, black and white
No. of pages	448
Size	5 ¾ x 8 ¼" – 15 x 21 cm
Binding	Hardbound
ISBN	2-906602-34-5
Price	29 euro

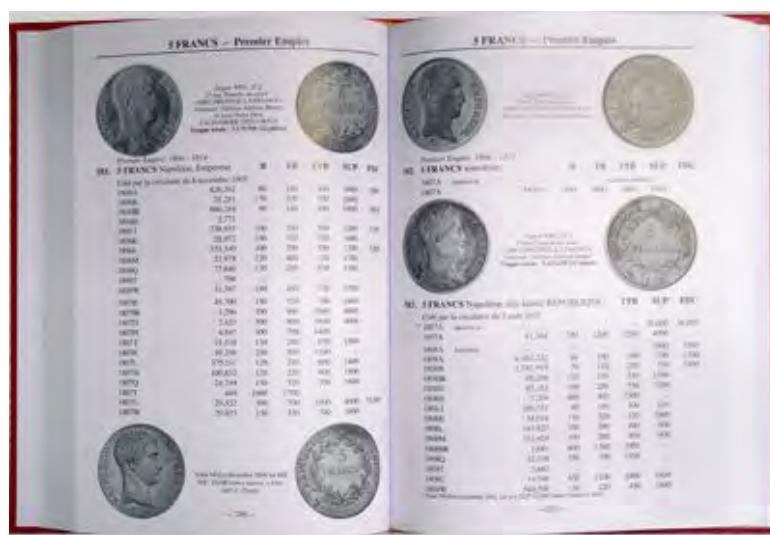
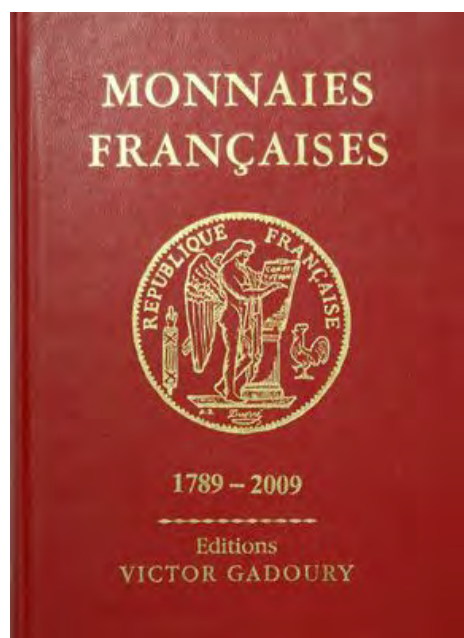
Monnaies françaises has been France's bible on republican French coins since it was first published in 1973 by Victor Gadoury, a Canadian military man that became a professional numismatist following his discharge in Germany and who would ultimately set up shop in Monaco. Gadoury passed away in 1994 and the publishing firm was purchased by two of his long-time contributors: Francesco Pastrone and Romolo Vescovi.

Le Rouge as it is called, contains information of all French coins since 1789 presented in chronological order by denomination (smallest to largest). This information includes: metal, fineness, weight, diameter, edge, engraver and privy marks. Mintage figures are provided by date and mint mark for each denomination, with the current values in euro for five grades.

Also includes obsidional coinage for the sieges of Mainz and Antwerp and special sections on commemorative coins, coins of Monaco (1819-2009), coins of Corsica (1736, 1762-68), coins of Saarland (1954-55), and a detailed illustrated guide for all privy marks.

Published on odd years, this high quality book is well worth the investment for all interested in the subject.

For more information or to order, please contact the Éditions Victor Gadoury at 57, rue Grimaldi, 98000 Monaco. Email: contact@gadoury.com. Website: www.gadoury.com.



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<u>Venue</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Auction Date</u>	<u>Consignment Deadline</u>
TORX	TORONTO, ONTARIO	FEBRUARY 26-27	December 22, 2009
TLC	HAMILTON, ONTARIO	MAY 15	MARCH 10, 2010
TORX	TORONTO, ONTARIO	OCTOBER 22-23	AUGUST 30, 2010



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By Dean Silver

"Enjoy the hobby for what it offers you personally."
If you have any questions about the dts Average, you
can contact the author Dean Silver through e-mail:
dtsAverage@telus.net

1916	0.73	1.34	1.84	2.25	2.67	3.67	4.67	10.02	25.04	95.16
1917	0.57	1.00	1.34	1.54	1.75	2.38	3.01	8.18	18.03	83.47
1918	0.57	1.00	1.34	1.54	1.75	2.38	3.01	8.18	18.03	83.47
1919	0.57	1.00	1.34	1.54	1.75	2.38	3.01	8.18	18.03	85.14
1920>Large	0.57	1.00	1.50	1.79	2.09	2.88	3.67	11.19	26.71	146.91
1920>Small	0.28	0.58	1.17	1.59	2.00	3.17	4.34	8.01	18.70	66.78
1921	0.42	0.83	1.50	2.09	2.67	5.09	7.51	15.03	53.42	333.89
1922	9.85	17.70	23.04	29.06	35.09	47.62	60.15	130.22	300.50	1,853
1923	18.86	35.06	41.74	46.74	51.75	65.98	80.20	183.64	409.02	3,005
1924	4.17	7.68	9.68	11.85	14.02	20.37	26.71	65.16	170.28	1,361
1925	16.36	31.05	35.73	40.40	45.08	53.42	61.77	116.86	300.50	1,836
1926	2.67	5.01	6.01	7.68	9.35	14.36	19.37	58.43	141.90	934.89
1927	0.88	1.84	2.67	3.51	4.34	7.18	10.02	25.04	65.11	333.89
1928	0.25	0.55	1.01	1.67	2.34	3.09	3.84	10.02	25.04	141.90
1929	0.25	0.55	1.01	1.67	2.34	3.09	3.84	10.02	25.04	136.89
1930	1.42	2.67	3.67	4.76	5.84	8.93	12.02	30.05	73.46	325.54
1931	0.67	1.17	1.84	2.84	3.84	5.93	8.01	25.06	65.11	283.81
1932	0.33	0.58	1.19	1.80	2.42	3.38	4.34	7.68	20.03	96.83
George V 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1933	0.33	0.58	1.22	1.82	2.42	3.38	4.34	7.68	20.03	85.14
1934	0.25	0.55	1.01	1.38	1.75	2.55	3.34	7.01	20.05	90.23
1935	0.25	0.55	1.01	1.38	1.75	2.55	3.34	7.01	20.05	75.19
1936	0.25	0.55	1.01	1.38	1.75	2.55	3.34	7.01	20.05	62.66
1936>dot	31.33	68.92	125.63	172.46	219.30	318.33	417.36	876.46	2,506	7,832
George VI 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	0.25	0.48	0.78	1.19	1.59	2.04	2.50	3.92	6.02	18.59
1938	0.16	0.30	0.53	0.87	1.21	1.76	2.32	3.75	5.63	17.96
1939	0.16	0.30	0.53	0.87	1.21	1.73	2.25	3.88	5.63	12.52
1940	0.13	0.25	0.45	0.69	0.93	1.37	1.81	2.75	4.88	11.14
1941	0.16	0.30	0.57	0.81	1.05	1.70	2.35	5.01	13.36	73.46
1942	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.76	1.05	1.67	2.29	4.26	11.45	71.46
1943	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.76	1.05	1.64	2.23	3.75	8.14	43.41
1944	0.16	0.30	0.51	0.83	1.15	1.76	2.38	4.94	18.52	115.83
1945	0.14	0.26	0.46	0.71	0.95	1.60	2.25	3.57	8.32	30.05
1946	0.13	0.25	0.45	0.68	0.91	1.33	1.75	2.75	6.32	18.36
1947	0.13	0.25	0.45	0.68	0.91	1.33	1.75	2.82	5.19	12.77
1947>dot	S	c	a	r	c	e	2 known			
1947>ML pointed 7	0.14	0.26	0.46	0.71	0.95	1.38	1.81	3.57	6.26	28.22
1947>ML blunt 7	0.15	0.28	0.49	0.75	1.01	1.68	2.34	4.59	8.01	45.49
1948>A to denticle	0.15	0.28	0.51	0.76	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.50	6.88	50.00
1948>A off denticle	0.17	0.32	0.62	0.92	1.22	1.78	2.34	4.34	8.18	80.98
1949>A off denticle	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.70	0.94	1.41	1.88	2.82	4.76	13.20
1949>A to denticle	4.37	8.73	16.11	20.53	24.96	34.39	43.82	62.85	104.17	351.42
1950	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.82	1.17	1.75	2.34	3.42	4.51	13.02
1951	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.82	1.17	1.75	2.34	3.42	5.13	15.27
1952	0.13	0.25	0.46	0.82	1.17	1.75	2.34	3.42	4.88	11.51
CANADA	5			C	E	N	T	S		
Victoria 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1858>Sml date	13.95	26.71	43.41	57.60	71.79	91.82	111.85	190.48	383.97	934.89
1858>Lrg date	106.84	200.33	308.85	404.84	500.83	726.61	952.38	1,302	2,337	5,175
1870	12.02	25.04	41.74	55.93	70.12	91.82	113.52	200.50	392.32	1,085
1871	12.69	25.04	41.74	55.88	70.03	92.61	115.19	191.99	400.67	1,002
1872H	9.68	20.03	31.72	41.74	51.75	77.32	102.88	233.72	550.92	1,786
1874H>Lrg date	13.02	27.38	58.43	83.78	109.14	173.62	238.10	401.00	834.72	2,003
1874H>Sml date	15.33	36.73	71.79	114.84	157.89	204.16	250.42	375.63	717.86	1,720
1875H>Sml date	110.18	217.03	342.24	454.92	567.61	718.72	869.84	1,365	3,255	9,516
1875H>Lrg date	217.03	400.67	651.09	809.68	968.28	1,361	1,753	3,172	6,015	14,060
1880H	6.01	12.35	22.70	35.56	48.41	72.62	96.83	217.03	463.08	1,081

The dts Average

By Dean Silver

CANADA

5 C E N T S

Victoria 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1881H	6.70	13.69	28.38	40.07	51.75	79.30	106.84	233.72	534.22	1,135
1882H	8.35	18.21	30.72	45.41	60.10	88.48	116.86	250.42	584.31	1,185
1883H	16.19	35.89	66.78	104.34	141.90	225.38	308.85	651.09	1,369	4,386
1884	100.17	180.30	292.15	413.19	534.22	826.38	1,119	2,671	5,764	15,038
1885 > Sml 5	11.01	23.37	45.08	62.64	80.20	140.35	200.50	526.32	1,153	4,135
1885 > Lrg 5	12.77	25.04	45.08	65.11	85.14	142.74	200.33	567.61	1,219	4,511
1886 > Sml 6	7.68	15.69	27.71	37.23	46.74	75.13	103.51	258.76	634.39	1,836
1886 > Lrg 6	9.35	19.37	31.72	45.93	60.15	98.52	136.89	292.15	667.78	2,003
1887	15.58	38.61	63.44	79.30	95.16	151.92	208.68	375.63	701.17	1,703
1888	5.51	11.14	22.03	29.38	36.73	57.21	77.69	133.56	283.81	692.82
1889	17.83	38.40	65.11	95.99	126.88	176.08	225.28	442.40	818.03	2,254
1890H	6.34	12.35	25.04	35.89	46.74	72.62	98.50	175.29	358.93	734.56
1891	5.34	10.02	16.03	22.20	28.38	42.57	56.76	108.51	267.11	734.56
1892	6.01	12.02	20.70	32.05	43.41	68.45	93.49	191.99	509.18	1,235
1893	5.34	10.02	14.36	21.87	29.38	42.24	55.09	118.53	300.50	734.56
1894	14.02	28.38	53.42	74.29	95.16	143.57	191.99	333.89	684.47	1,940
1896	5.34	9.68	15.03	21.70	28.38	43.41	58.43	116.86	317.20	667.78
1897	5.34	10.02	15.69	22.87	30.05	48.41	66.78	126.88	308.85	684.47
1898	10.02	20.70	31.72	50.95	70.18	110.28	150.38	288.22	576.44	1,503
1899	4.67	8.68	13.02	18.20	23.37	35.06	46.74	95.24	208.68	517.53
1900 > Sml date	4.67	9.02	12.02	16.86	21.70	36.73	51.75	100.25	217.03	617.70
1900 > Lrg date	16.53	33.39	63.44	79.30	95.16	164.44	233.72	375.63	642.74	1,402
1901	4.67	8.68	12.02	16.86	21.70	37.56	53.42	95.24	200.33	534.22
Edward 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1902	1.75	3.25	4.82	6.51	8.20	11.01	13.83	22.29	50.08	80.13
1902H > Lrg H	2.00	3.50	5.13	7.07	9.01	12.95	16.90	29.22	53.38	90.15
1902H > Sml H	6.45	12.02	20.03	29.22	38.40	53.42	68.45	100.25	156.93	275.69
1903	3.17	6.88	13.02	20.70	28.38	44.24	60.10	131.89	267.11	528.16
1903H	1.84	3.88	8.14	12.08	16.02	24.22	32.42	75.13	158.60	459.10
1904	2.00	4.13	7.13	11.51	15.89	25.48	35.06	95.16	267.11	784.64
1905	1.67	3.44	5.57	8.54	11.51	18.27	25.03	58.43	150.25	337.92
1906	1.67	2.25	4.34	6.51	8.68	13.66	18.65	50.08	135.23	409.02
1907	1.67	3.01	4.34	6.18	8.01	11.99	15.96	36.73	90.15	200.33
1908 > Small 8	4.26	10.01	17.02	26.05	35.09	50.13	65.16	100.25	150.38	250.63
1908 > Large 8	22.56	47.62	90.82	120.24	149.67	219.95	290.24	425.53	751.25	1,503
1909	3.01	5.34	9.35	14.02	18.70	31.89	45.08	110.18	317.20	852.13
1910 > Round 0	2.00	3.67	5.51	7.68	9.85	12.68	15.52	30.08	75.19	150.38
1910 > Flat 0	3.51	6.34	9.37	12.93	16.50	21.05	25.61	48.87	120.30	236.84
George V 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1911	1.50	3.01	6.68	8.68	10.68	15.03	19.37	45.08	101.84	166.94
1912	2.00	4.01	6.34	8.10	9.85	12.44	15.03	35.09	83.47	250.42
1913	1.67	3.17	4.51	5.93	7.35	9.68	12.02	20.03	40.07	98.50
1914	1.67	3.34	4.67	6.68	8.68	11.02	13.36	35.06	80.20	242.07
1915	8.18	17.54	26.71	34.22	41.74	60.93	80.13	200.50	400.67	852.13
1916	2.67	5.01	9.35	12.19	15.04	23.38	31.72	77.69	150.38	350.88
1917	1.42	2.67	4.34	5.01	5.68	8.51	11.35	26.71	51.75	125.21
1918	1.42	2.67	4.34	5.01	5.68	8.18	10.68	21.70	46.74	108.51
1919	1.42	2.67	4.34	5.18	6.01	8.35	10.68	21.70	45.11	100.25
1920	1.42	2.67	4.34	5.18	6.01	7.85	9.68	20.05	40.07	85.21
1921	3,172	5,509	6,845	7,638	8,431	9,558	10,684	14,357	18,698	30,050
1922	0.90	1.75	3.26	4.51	5.76	9.39	13.02	32.58	70.18	150.25
1923	0.95	1.88	3.76	5.47	7.18	14.37	21.55	62.66	162.91	463.66
1924	0.70	1.50	3.26	4.64	6.02	11.28	16.54	43.41	125.31	363.41
1925	45.08	97.74	120.30	144.11	167.92	259.40	350.88	802.01	2,003	6,010
1926 > Near 6	9.65	20.93	25.76	30.86	35.96	61.84	87.72	250.42	601.50	2,087
1926 > Far 6	91.82	173.62	250.42	325.54	400.67	588.81	776.94	1,303	2,671	7,268
1927	0.90	1.75	3.26	4.72	6.18	11.44	16.69	40.10	95.24	225.56

1928	0.90	1.75	3.26	5.55	7.85	13.94	20.03	40.07	85.21	150.38
1929	0.70	1.50	2.67	3.92	5.18	10.60	16.03	40.10	100.25	250.63
1930	0.70	1.50	2.67	4.09	5.51	12.03	18.55	55.14	140.23	350.58
1931	0.70	1.50	2.67	4.26	5.84	15.45	25.06	85.21	225.38	802.01
1932	0.70	1.50	2.67	4.26	5.84	13.95	22.06	67.67	191.99	634.39
1933	1.00	2.00	3.76	5.64	7.52	18.80	30.08	105.26	358.93	1,003
1934	0.70	1.50	3.26	4.64	6.02	14.04	22.06	70.18	191.99	667.78
1935	0.70	1.50	3.26	4.64	6.02	13.02	20.03	62.66	155.39	450.75
1936 > Long 9	0.70	1.50	2.67	4.22	5.76	10.40	15.04	35.06	75.19	183.64
1936 > Short 9	15.03	32.20	57.24	90.39	123.53	222.89	322.26	751.30	1,611	3,935
George VI 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	0.28	0.56	1.00	1.82	2.63	3.57	4.51	6.51	15.03	30.05
1938	0.61	1.21	2.63	3.90	5.18	10.11	15.04	46.74	96.83	225.47
1939	0.48	0.93	1.88	2.53	3.17	5.84	8.51	26.71	63.44	106.84
1940	0.28	0.56	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.26	4.51	10.02	28.38	66.78
1941	0.27	0.54	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.51	5.01	12.35	37.59	90.15
1942 > Nickel	0.28	0.56	1.00	1.50	2.00	3.26	4.51	10.02	28.38	60.10
1942 > Tombac	0.34	0.67	1.09	1.54	2.00	2.67	3.34	5.13	7.88	21.70
1943	0.32	0.64	0.98	1.30	1.61	2.43	3.26	5.51	8.07	18.36
1943 > 44 issue dot	S	c	a	r	c	e				3 known
1944 > Tombac	U	n	i	q	u	e				1 known
1944 > Steel	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.11	1.34	1.79	2.25	4.01	6.26	11.76
1945	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.11	1.34	1.79	2.25	4.01	7.51	16.02
1946	0.28	0.49	0.98	1.47	1.96	2.94	3.92	8.68	16.46	50.00
1947	0.26	0.50	1.00	1.50	2.01	3.01	4.01	7.35	14.54	36.36
1947 > Maple Leaf	0.26	0.50	1.00	1.50	2.01	3.01	4.01	7.01	13.02	33.79
1947 > dot	8.14	16.28	24.21	32.97	41.74	65.94	90.15	200.33	283.81	496.25
1948	1.63	3.26	4.85	6.60	8.36	13.20	18.05	40.11	56.82	99.35
1949	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.32	1.75	2.63	3.51	7.02	10.60	23.37
1950	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.32	1.75	2.63	3.51	7.02	10.18	19.37
1951 > Nickel	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.25	1.63	1.94	2.25	4.51	7.35	14.08
1951 > Steel	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.32	1.75	2.63	3.51	6.52	9.35	14.02
1952	0.23	0.44	0.88	1.25	1.63	2.51	3.38	6.39	8.35	13.11
CANADA			10	C	E	N	T	S		
Victoria 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1858	15.89	31.72	55.09	82.68	110.28	149.12	187.97	288.22	513.78	1,235
1870	15.39	30.54	61.08	91.97	122.87	164.02	205.18	310.35	632.04	1,738
1871	22.37	45.08	80.20	127.75	175.29	254.59	333.89	542.57	1,002	3,339
1871H	25.04	50.08	88.48	125.00	161.51	239.35	317.20	550.92	1,002	3,172
1872H	100.17	207.01	317.20	438.23	559.27	730.38	901.50	1,486	2,771	6,010
1874H	13.69	24.04	40.07	63.44	86.81	136.06	185.31	300.50	550.92	1,669
1875H	275.46	501.25	868.11	1,160	1,452	2,167	2,882	4,762	9,524	23,810
1880H	15.03	30.08	53.42	76.79	100.17	154.42	208.68	342.24	626.04	1,820
1881H	15.69	31.72	58.43	84.31	110.18	184.47	258.76	425.71	784.64	2,005
1882H	15.69	31.72	53.42	80.97	108.51	166.94	225.38	375.63	801.34	2,371
1883H	50.08	100.17	183.64	296.33	409.02	550.92	692.82	1,102	1,920	4,341
1884	208.68	438.60	801.34	1,106	1,411	2,083	2,755	5,008	11,028	30,075
1885	54.82	108.89	219.02	314.02	409.02	621.87	834.72	1,880	3,509	10,526
1886 > Sml 6	23.37	48.41	93.49	146.91	200.33	325.73	451.13	1,003	2,130	5,263
1886 > Lrg Knb 6	33.39	66.78	121.87	183.74	245.61	381.57	517.53	1,203	2,331	6,015
1886 > Lrg Ptd 6	86.98	177.72	342.93	484.36	625.78	938.93	1,252	2,003	3,923	7,769
1887	48.41	100.17	166.94	254.59	342.24	546.74	751.25	1,252	2,922	6,010
1888	12.03	23.37	45.08	66.40	87.72	139.10	190.48	308.85	617.70	1,503
1889	626.57	1,002	2,003	2,554	3,105	4,373	5,641	10,526	20,033	48,414
1890H	18.70	36.73	66.78	101.84	136.89	214.52	292.15	450.56	834.72	1,853
191 > 21 Lvs	18.70	35.06	71.79	110.12	150.25	217.03	308.85	484.14	851.42	2,087
191 > 22 Lvs	18.70	35.06	68.45	105.18	141.90	219.55	292.15	434.06	784.64	2,005
192 > Sml 9	5.03	35.06	58.43	88.11	117.79	171.59	225.38	375.63	717.86	1,920
192 > Lrg 9	200.50	300.75	451.13	701.75	952.38	1,429	1,905	3,015	4,762	10,050

The dts Average

By Dean Silver

CANADA

10 CENTS

Victoria 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1893 > Flat top 3	33.39	66.78	118.53	174.46	230.38	340.76	451.13	776.94	1,554	3,759
1893 > Rnd top 3	676.13	1,085	2,237	3,038	3,840	5,175	6,511	11,529	18,546	46,366
1894	28.55	59.27	101.84	151.09	200.33	258.76	317.20	567.61	876.46	2,654
1896	12.69	24.04	41.74	60.10	78.46	116.03	153.59	288.22	500.83	1,278
1898	11.53	24.04	41.74	60.97	80.20	117.79	155.39	288.22	500.83	1,185
1899 > Sml 99	9.68	20.03	36.73	51.75	66.78	95.99	125.21	200.33	367.28	1,135
1899 > Lrg 99	19.03	38.40	65.11	92.65	120.20	176.96	233.72	381.73	707.13	1,629
1900	9.35	16.69	33.39	49.25	65.11	96.83	128.55	175.29	333.89	834.72
1901	9.35	15.03	30.05	42.57	55.09	83.47	111.85	166.94	333.89	1,018
Edward 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1902 H	3.84	8.01	14.27	21.65	29.04	45.85	62.66	91.82	166.94	367.28
1902	5.01	10.68	25.04	39.23	53.42	93.13	132.83	238.10	517.53	1,419
1903 H	5.01	10.02	21.70	36.73	51.75	79.30	106.84	185.46	401.00	926.16
1903	10.02	21.70	50.13	83.96	117.79	228.07	338.35	726.82	1,402	3,759
1904	7.68	15.36	32.39	51.25	70.12	112.75	155.39	263.16	463.66	1,068
1905	6.18	12.35	34.06	60.52	86.98	129.47	171.95	342.24	701.17	1,669
1906	4.57	9.18	19.37	29.72	40.07	69.28	98.50	176.96	367.28	1,153
1907	4.01	8.02	15.36	23.54	31.72	53.42	75.13	125.21	325.81	751.88
1908	8.10	16.28	33.04	54.92	76.79	114.36	151.92	205.34	342.24	717.86
1909 > Vic Lvs	5.19	10.18	28.38	45.08	61.77	101.84	141.90	258.76	601.00	1,503
1909 > Brd Lvs	7.51	15.04	35.06	55.09	75.13	122.78	170.43	388.47	868.11	1,727
1910	3.67	7.35	14.54	21.05	27.57	42.61	57.64	85.81	176.96	451.13
George V 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1911	4.01	8.01	15.36	21.87	28.38	43.41	58.43	88.48	175.29	342.24
1912	1.59	3.01	5.34	9.68	14.02	29.57	45.11	106.84	275.46	734.56
1913 > Sml Lvs	1.34	2.67	4.34	7.01	9.68	23.64	37.59	95.24	217.03	550.92
1913 > Lrg Lvs	70.95	133.56	267.11	417.36	567.61	968.28	1,369	3,422	9,349	31,720
1914	1.25	2.51	4.01	7.01	10.02	22.54	35.06	88.48	208.68	651.09
1915	4.26	9.02	20.03	32.55	45.08	97.66	150.25	283.81	525.88	1,035
1916	1.09	2.17	3.19	5.27	7.35	16.53	25.71	57.64	113.52	292.15
1917	1.09	2.19	3.06	3.95	4.84	10.77	16.69	43.41	81.80	141.90
1918	1.09	2.19	3.06	3.91	4.75	10.22	15.69	40.07	75.13	125.21
1919	1.09	2.19	3.06	3.91	4.75	10.22	15.69	40.07	75.13	125.21
1920	1.09	2.19	3.06	4.04	5.01	10.85	16.69	50.13	88.48	166.94
1921	1.17	2.25	3.34	5.34	7.35	17.03	26.71	62.66	118.53	292.15
no 1922 to 1927	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1928	1.09	2.19	3.09	4.72	6.34	14.02	21.70	48.41	91.82	217.03
1929	1.09	2.19	3.09	4.55	6.01	13.02	20.03	45.08	85.14	166.94
George V 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1930	1.17	2.38	3.17	5.22	7.27	16.15	25.04	57.64	100.17	208.68
1931	1.09	2.19	3.09	4.72	6.34	14.02	21.70	45.08	91.82	183.64
1932	1.50	2.75	4.67	8.60	12.53	27.13	41.74	72.68	138.56	283.81
1933	1.75	3.34	6.02	11.78	17.54	38.85	60.15	110.28	233.72	484.14
1934	2.84	5.34	10.02	20.03	30.05	62.64	95.24	166.94	392.32	734.56
1935	2.84	5.51	10.76	20.41	30.05	62.64	95.24	183.64	392.32	701.17
1936	1.09	2.19	3.06	4.70	6.34	9.68	13.02	40.07	70.12	125.21
1936 > bar	23.25	46.88	65.66	100.80	135.95	207.50	279.06	858.63	1,503	2,683
1936 > dot	54.26	109.39	153.19	235.19	317.20	484.14	651.09	2,003	3,506	6,260
George VI 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	0.67	1.25	2.17	3.09	4.01	5.68	7.35	10.35	20.03	31.72
1938	0.75	1.42	2.50	3.59	4.67	9.02	13.36	33.39	71.79	121.87
1939	0.67	1.25	2.34	3.17	4.01	7.43	10.85	26.71	55.09	90.15
1940	0.58	1.09	1.84	2.59	3.34	5.18	7.01	11.35	26.71	46.74
1941	0.58	1.09	2.17	3.42	4.67	8.10	11.52	25.04	55.09	111.85
1942	0.50	1.00	1.67	2.17	2.67	4.92	7.18	17.36	36.73	63.44
1943	0.50	1.00	1.67	2.17	2.67	4.42	6.18	11.35	25.04	40.07
1944	0.50	1.00	1.84	2.42	3.01	5.09	7.18	15.36	31.72	53.42

1945	0.50	1.00	1.67	2.17	2.67	4.34	6.01	11.35	23.37	36.73
1946	0.83	1.59	2.34	3.01	3.67	6.01	8.35	17.36	40.07	71.79
1947	0.83	1.59	2.50	3.59	4.67	7.68	10.68	21.70	45.08	77.69
1947 > Maple Leaf	0.50	1.00	1.67	2.17	2.67	3.92	5.18	8.68	18.03	27.71
1948	1.84	3.67	5.84	9.43	13.02	19.87	26.71	36.73	68.45	108.51
1949	0.58	1.17	1.84	2.25	2.67	3.67	4.67	7.01	15.04	22.06
1950	0.50	1.00	1.67	1.92	2.17	2.80	3.42	6.01	11.85	19.37
1951	0.50	1.00	1.59	1.79	2.00	2.63	3.26	5.01	9.68	15.86
1952	0.50	1.00	1.59	1.79	2.00	2.63	3.26	5.01	9.02	13.36

CANADA

20 CENTS

Victoria 20¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
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1858	53.42	86.81	111.85	137.73	163.61	244.57	325.54	567.61	1,102	3,255
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CANADA

25 CENTS

Victoria 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
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1870	18.70	41.74	71.79	103.51	135.23	230.38	325.54	550.92	1,102	2,905
1871	21.37	43.41	85.14	134.39	183.64	300.50	417.36	784.64	1,536	3,756
1871 H	25.71	55.09	105.18	169.45	233.72	375.63	517.53	851.42	1,536	3,105
1872 H	11.69	21.70	35.06	53.42	71.79	123.54	175.29	358.93	901.50	2,771
1874 H	11.69	21.70	36.73	55.09	73.46	128.55	183.64	350.58	684.47	2,170
4H > V's for A's	19.34	35.92	60.78	91.18	121.57	212.75	303.92	580.22	1,133	3,592
1875 H	300.50	584.31	1,102	1,845	2,588	3,881	5,175	9,683	20,701	42,807
80 > Narrow 0	45.08	93.49	200.33	317.20	434.06	655.26	876.46	1,469	2,538	5,342
80 > Wide O	103.51	242.07	517.53	726.21	934.89	1,461	1,987	3,072	6,678	12,815
1881 H	22.20	45.08	93.49	150.25	207.01	320.53	434.06	851.42	2,003	5,008
1882 H	25.04	51.75	103.51	160.27	217.03	333.89	450.75	884.81	1,803	4,658
1883 H	16.03	32.39	66.78	101.00	135.23	213.69	292.15	509.18	1,035	2,571
1885	110.18	233.72	467.45	692.82	918.20	1,277	1,636	3,005	6,010	15,526
1886	30.23	60.35	118.81	180.60	242.39	414.18	585.98	1,170	2,421	6,010
1887	118.53	233.72	450.75	676.13	901.50	1,319	1,736	3,840	7,846	13,923
1888	19.03	36.73	73.46	116.03	158.60	246.24	333.89	617.70	1,269	2,755
1889	125.21	275.46	592.65	822.20	1,052	1,628	2,204	3,606	8,347	17,622
1890 H	25.04	51.75	103.51	164.44	225.38	346.41	467.45	851.42	1,703	3,589
1891	66.78	140.23	275.46	404.84	534.22	767.95	1,002	1,669	2,638	5,175
1892	17.70	37.40	78.46	120.20	161.94	239.57	317.20	534.22	1,085	3,005
1893	110.18	217.03	367.28	517.53	667.78	934.89	1,202	1,803	2,905	4,841
1894	23.37	50.08	108.51	162.77	217.03	313.02	409.02	651.09	1,269	2,838
1899	9.68	19.37	40.07	68.45	96.83	165.28	233.72	467.45	1,068	2,504
0 > Narrow date	9.02	15.36	30.72	54.59	78.46	131.05	183.64	350.58	693.49	1,536
00 > Wide date	9.02	15.36	30.72	54.59	78.46	131.05	183.64	350.58	693.49	1,536
1901	9.35	15.69	33.39	60.10	86.81	160.27	233.72	383.97	784.64	1,603
Edward 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1902 H	6.51	13.02	25.04	50.08	75.13	111.85	148.58	225.38	375.63	767.95
1902	9.02	18.70	41.74	73.46	105.18	198.66	292.15	567.61	1,135	2,755
1903	9.35	20.03	46.74	82.64	118.53	226.21	333.89	601.00	1,486	3,172
1904	16.03	34.06	93.49	171.95	250.42	417.36	584.31	1,002	2,337	6,761
1905	9.35	20.03	50.08	116.86	183.64	296.33	409.02	901.50	2,170	6,511
6 > Lrg Crown	7.01	15.03	33.39	63.44	93.49	176.13	258.76	467.45	951.59	2,337
6 > Sml Crown	1.770	3.673	5.509	8.097	10.684	13.689	16.694	23.372	33.389	43.406
1907	5.68	12.02	26.04	55.59	85.14	151.09	217.03	333.89	634.39	1,536
1908	11.69	25.04	60.10	96.83	135.56	212.85	292.15	467.45	634.39	1,169
1909	8.93	18.53	45.08	81.80	118.53	205.34	292.15	517.53	1,035	2,421
1910	5.84	11.69	26.71	45.08	63.44	98.50	133.56	225.38	417.36	1,002
George V 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1911	6.51	13.02	28.38	45.91	63.44	95.99	128.55	208.68	400.67	751.25
1912	4.47	8.93	14.86	23.29	31.72	60.93	90.15	217.03	567.61	1,669
1913	3.84	7.68	12.02	21.87	31.72	60.93	90.15	200.33	484.14	1,436
1914	3.67	7.35	15.03	28.38	41.74	75.96	110.18	283.81	767.95	2,170
1915	15.03	30.05	90.15	170.28	250.42	500.83	751.25	1,686	3,840	8,103
1916	3.30	6.59	10.85	21.29	31.72	48.41	65.11	141.90	325.54	1,202

The dts Average

By Dean Silver

George V 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1917	2.34	4.67	7.51	12.10	16.69	33.39	50.08	80.13	193.66	333.89
1918	2.34	4.67	7.35	10.85	14.36	26.38	38.40	73.46	146.91	292.15
1919	2.34	4.67	7.35	10.85	14.36	26.38	38.40	65.11	138.56	292.15
1920	2.63	5.26	9.52	15.61	21.70	35.06	48.41	96.83	233.72	667.78
1921	9.60	19.20	41.74	92.65	143.57	238.73	333.89	717.86	1,586	3,673
no 1922 to 1926	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1927	20.87	41.74	75.13	125.21	175.29	271.29	367.28	659.43	1,219	2,504
1928	2.42	4.84	9.02	14.19	19.37	40.57	61.77	96.83	225.38	467.45
1929	2.42	4.84	9.02	14.19	19.37	35.56	51.75	90.15	225.38	475.79
1930	2.71	5.43	10.18	18.45	26.71	49.25	71.79	116.86	300.50	734.56
1931	3.34	6.68	13.02	25.71	38.40	63.44	88.48	140.23	342.24	784.64
1932	2.92	5.84	11.69	24.21	36.73	60.10	83.47	131.89	325.54	734.56
1933	3.51	7.01	14.36	28.88	43.41	71.79	100.17	163.61	275.46	534.22
1934	3.92	7.85	16.36	33.22	50.08	85.14	120.20	208.68	417.36	793.66
1935	3.30	6.59	13.86	25.29	36.73	61.77	86.81	150.25	267.11	484.14
1936	2.42	4.84	8.18	11.60	15.03	27.55	40.07	65.11	136.89	283.81
1936 > bar	16.69	32.39	61.77	93.82	125.88	190.78	255.68	367.54	677.46	1,338
1936 > dot	24.21	48.41	100.17	179.47	258.76	396.49	534.22	834.72	1,235	2,838
George VI 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	1.15	2.30	4.59	6.05	7.51	8.93	10.35	15.03	21.70	48.41
1938	1.39	2.78	5.55	8.16	10.77	15.32	19.87	38.40	86.81	166.94
1939	1.25	2.50	5.01	7.51	10.02	13.02	16.03	26.71	71.79	133.56
1940	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	5.93	7.18	12.02	25.04	48.41
1941	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	5.93	7.18	12.02	24.37	51.75
1942	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	5.93	7.18	12.02	23.37	51.75
1943	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	5.93	7.18	12.02	26.04	50.08
1944	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	6.09	7.51	14.02	35.06	58.43
1945	0.63	1.25	2.50	3.59	4.67	5.93	7.18	11.35	27.71	58.43
1946	1.09	2.17	4.34	6.51	8.68	12.02	15.36	33.39	66.78	120.20
1947	1.09	2.17	4.34	6.51	8.68	12.69	16.69	40.07	63.44	106.84
1947 > Maple Leaf	0.83	1.67	3.34	4.84	6.34	7.68	9.02	11.35	21.04	38.40
1947 > dot	26.71	53.42	96.83	115.19	133.56	166.94	200.33	300.50	459.10	918.20
1948	1.09	2.17	4.34	5.84	7.35	12.19	17.03	33.39	68.45	145.24
1949	0.83	1.67	3.34	3.84	4.34	4.92	5.51	7.85	14.02	33.39
1950	0.83	1.67	3.34	3.84	4.34	4.92	5.51	7.01	12.35	25.04
1951 > high relief	0.83	1.67	3.34	3.84	4.34	4.92	5.51	7.18	11.02	26.04
1951 > low relief	22.96	45.91	91.82	137.73	183.64	250.42	317.20	500.83	1,169	2,671
1952 > low relief	0.83	1.67	3.34	3.84	4.34	4.92	5.51	7.18	11.02	22.70
1952 > high relief	1.00	2.00	3.67	4.42	5.18	7.60	10.02	17.36	43.41	91.82

CANADA

50 CENTS

Victoria 50¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1870 no Shmrk/Lcw	709.52	1,285	2,070	2,817	3,564	5,405	7,245	15,075	29,308	59,358
1870 Shmrk no Lcw	709.52	1,285	2,070	2,817	3,564	5,405	7,245	15,075	29,308	59,358
1870 Shamrock/Lcw	38.40	73.46	133.56	191.99	250.42	438.23	626.04	1,536	6,344	12,688
1871	55.09	106.84	218.70	351.42	484.14	759.60	1,035	2,771	9,182	21,369
1871 H	95.16	228.71	342.24	550.08	757.93	1,277	1,795	3,639	12,855	28,381
1872 H	41.74	83.47	163.61	244.57	325.54	488.31	651.09	1,603	5,676	13,689
1872 H > A for V	217.03	495.83	884.81	1,411	1,937	3,806	5,676	11,686	27,379	54,758
1881 H	46.74	103.51	185.31	284.64	383.97	626.04	868.11	2,170	8,607	17,696
1888	158.60	400.67	601.00	884.81	1,169	1,653	2,137	4,341	14,357	30,384
1890 H	818.03	1,536	3,072	4,057	5,042	7,062	9,082	16,027	50,083	108,514
1892	60.10	143.57	245.41	373.12	500.83	767.95	1,035	2,838	13,356	25,042
1894	258.76	584.31	1,052	1,494	1,937	2,721	3,506	7,012	17,028	36,060
1898	58.43	110.18	225.38	396.49	567.61	818.03	1,068	3,339	14,951	29,308
1899	106.84	302.17	517.53	759.60	1,002	1,753	2,504	5,602	17,622	39,325
1900	41.74	83.47	151.92	255.76	359.60	580.47	801.34	2,087	8,106	17,362
1901	48.41	115.19	212.02	325.04	438.06	695.16	952.25	2,504	9,608	19,291

Edward 50¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1902	11.69	28.38	56.76	128.55	200.33	287.98	375.63	767.95	1,929	5,936
1903 H	20.03	40.07	81.80	153.59	225.38	409.35	593.32	884.81	2,204	7,012
1904	95.99	208.68	360.60	535.06	709.52	1,081	1,452	2,504	5,008	16,194
1905	82.64	208.68	484.14	767.95	1,052	1,486	1,920	4,174	9,349	21,128
1906	11.69	23.37	53.42	103.51	153.59	298.00	442.40	893.82	1,903	5,509
1907	11.19	22.37	55.09	95.99	136.89	268.78	400.67	793.66	2,237	6,010
1908	17.70	36.73	98.50	203.67	308.85	492.49	676.13	984.97	1,736	2,838
1909	13.69	27.71	93.49	205.34	317.20	500.83	684.47	1,419	3,756	12,688
1910 >Edwardian Lvs	11.35	22.04	48.41	88.48	128.55	256.26	383.97	751.25	2,003	6,010
1910 >Victorian Lvs	13.19	30.31	77.72	140.70	203.67	427.38	651.09	1,127	2,504	7,679
George V 50¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1911	16.69	33.39	106.84	257.93	409.02	613.52	818.03	1,235	2,304	4,441
1912	8.01	16.03	36.73	101.84	166.94	283.81	400.67	751.25	1,836	5,175
1913	8.01	16.03	41.74	112.69	183.64	296.33	409.02	834.72	2,104	8,047
1914	17.86	35.73	93.49	196.99	300.50	601.00	901.50	2,003	4,674	13,615
1916	6.09	12.19	23.21	52.84	82.47	153.92	225.38	442.40	993.99	3,005
1917	6.09	12.19	20.03	41.74	63.44	123.54	183.64	342.24	767.95	1,870
1918	6.09	12.19	20.03	31.72	43.41	101.00	158.60	358.93	717.86	1,669
1919	6.09	12.19	20.03	32.55	45.08	101.84	158.60	283.81	634.39	1,719.53
1920	6.27	12.28	21.54	39.15	56.76	141.07	225.38	434.06	851.42	2,070
1921	20,200	36,060	45,075	50,501	55,927	62,187	68,447	77,462	85,142	101,836
no 1922 to 1928	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1929	7.43	14.86	26.71	42.57	58.43	121.04	183.64	367.28	784.64	1,736
1931	14.52	28.38	50.08	93.49	136.89	285.48	434.06	826.38	1,319	2,755
1932	111.02	207.01	325.54	454.92	584.31	968.28	1,352	2,571	5,125	13,189
1934	13.86	26.38	51.75	105.18	158.60	267.11	375.63	676.13	1,102	2,087
1936	16.69	32.72	67.45	113.86	160.27	234.56	308.85	559.27	868.11	1,736
1936 > b a r	S	C	A	R	C	E	2 known			
George VI 50¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	3.01	6.01	12.02	13.52	15.03	18.36	21.70	32.72	50.08	113.52
1938	3.26	6.51	13.02	19.03	25.04	37.56	50.08	85.14	166.94	500.83
1939	3.17	6.34	12.69	16.36	20.03	27.55	35.06	66.78	113.52	333.89
1940	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.32	14.36	19.37	45.08	99.42
1941	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.32	14.36	19.37	45.08	99.42
1942	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.32	14.36	19.37	45.08	99.42
1943	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.32	14.36	19.37	45.08	125.21
1944	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.32	14.36	19.37	45.08	99.42
1945	2.67	4.47	8.94	10.44	11.94	14.61	17.29	24.71	48.41	116.86
1946	2.40	4.14	8.27	9.27	10.27	12.82	15.36	31.72	88.48	208.68
1946 > Hoof in 6	12.10	24.21	46.74	66.78	86.81	172.79	258.76	534.22	2,087	4,266
1947 >Long 7 left	2.59	5.18	10.35	12.10	13.86	18.28	22.70	50.08	96.83	308.85
1947 >Short 7 right	4.01	6.01	10.85	13.27	15.69	22.87	30.05	65.11	146.91	358.93
1947 ML >Long 7 left	15.03	30.05	60.10	70.12	80.13	113.52	146.91	200.33	333.89	567.61
1947 ML >Short 7 right	601.00	1,202	2,037	2,287	2,538	3,038	3,539	4,541	6,311	10,017
1948	60.10	120.20	180.30	196.99	213.69	240.40	267.11	333.89	434.06	567.61
1949	2.92	5.34	9.27	10.90	12.52	15.07	17.62	25.04	65.11	183.64
1949 >Hoof over 9	6.26	12.52	25.04	37.56	50.08	75.13	100.17	233.72	617.70	1,469
1950	2.34	3.84	6.18	7.18	8.18	8.85	9.52	12.69	24.37	43.41
1951	2.17	3.67	6.01	6.68	7.35	8.01	8.68	10.68	15.03	39.32
1952	2.17	3.67	6.01	6.68	7.35	8.01	8.68	10.68	14.69	26.71
CANADA	1 D O L L A R									
George V 1 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1935	9.35	14.36	19.37	23.04	26.71	30.88	35.06	41.74	58.43	100.17
1936	9.35	14.36	19.37	23.04	26.71	30.88	35.06	41.74	60.10	135.23
George VI 1 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1937	5.78	10.79	14.36	16.86	19.37	23.37	27.38	33.39	51.75	136.89
1938	11.27	22.54	45.08	55.09	65.11	75.96	86.81	105.18	143.57	333.89
1939	5.78	7.78	10.79	12.74	14.69	15.86	17.03	18.70	25.04	43.41

The dts Average

By Dean Silver

CANADA 1 D O L L A R										
George VI 1 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
no 1940 to 1944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1945	57.87	97.93	135.48	172.08	208.68	237.90	267.11	328.88	427.38	926.54
1946	7.78	15.80	28.38	35.89	43.41	53.42	63.44	81.80	138.56	459.10
1947 > Blunt 7	19.02	38.03	76.05	96.46	116.86	139.40	161.94	191.99	228.71	509.18
1947 > Pointed 7	27.27	54.53	94.41	118.16	141.90	175.29	208.68	252.09	475.79	2,421
1947 > Maple Leaf	41.74	83.47	166.94	208.68	250.42	290.48	330.55	383.97	475.79	968.28
1947 > dot	27.96	55.93	111.85	147.75	183.64	233.72	283.81	475.79	834.72	3,255
1948	217.03	434.06	868.11	1,010	1,152	1,252	1,352	1,619	2,070	3,356
1949	6.11	10.85	16.28	18.66	21.04	23.37	25.71	31.72	37.73	46.74
1950	5.78	7.86	11.28	12.65	14.02	15.86	17.70	22.37	33.39	75.13
1951	5.27	7.19	10.61	12.15	13.69	15.19	16.69	18.70	25.04	50.08
1952	5.19	6.86	10.27	11.28	12.28	13.28	14.28	17.03	26.71	61.77
1952 no Water Lines	5.78	8.12	13.69	14.86	16.03	17.36	18.70	25.38	37.73	71.79

CANADA 5 D O L L A R S										
George V 5 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1912	255.51	271.77	285.16	297.00	308.85	323.04	337.23	358.93	425.71	934.89
1913	255.51	271.77	285.16	297.00	308.85	323.04	337.23	358.93	450.75	1,068
1914	285.92	355.25	425.77	467.48	509.18	542.57	575.96	726.21	1,235	3,840

CANADA 10 D O L L A R S										
George V 10 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1912	511.02	543.54	570.32	585.66	601.00	642.74	684.47	726.21	1,068	3,172
1913	511.02	543.54	570.32	585.66	601.00	642.74	684.47	734.56	1,152	4,007
1914	558.79	591.31	618.09	634.59	651.09	692.82	734.56	918.20	1,386	4,007

MARITIMES C O P P E R										
New Brunswick 1/2¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1861	115.19	183.64	283.81	327.21	370.62	431.55	492.49	692.82	993.32	2,053
Nova Scotia 1/2¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1861	3.84	7.18	10.68	13.02	15.36	21.04	26.71	65.11	131.89	567.61
1864	3.84	7.18	10.68	13.02	15.36	20.20	25.04	56.76	115.19	417.36
New Brunswick 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1861	3.01	6.68	9.35	12.69	16.03	22.20	28.38	71.79	208.68	567.61
1864 > Short 6	3.34	6.34	9.68	12.35	15.03	23.37	31.72	80.13	250.42	767.95
1864 > Long 6	4.01	7.01	11.69	14.69	17.70	27.21	36.73	95.16	275.69	1,103
Nova Scotia 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1861 > LRG RB	2.67	4.84	7.18	9.43	11.69	17.03	22.37	60.15	166.94	634.39
1861 > SML RB	2.76	5.01	7.51	10.10	12.69	20.53	28.38	71.79	191.99	751.88
1862	45.08	78.46	130.22	186.14	242.07	363.11	484.14	968.28	1,937	5,275
1864	2.67	4.84	7.35	9.85	12.35	19.53	26.71	66.78	200.50	834.72
P.E.I. 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1871	2.17	3.67	5.51	8.76	12.02	18.53	25.04	58.43	128.55	283.81
Newfoundland 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1865	2.84	5.68	9.02	13.78	18.55	32.65	46.74	120.20	317.20	1,352
1872 H	2.75	4.84	7.01	10.85	14.69	25.71	36.73	81.80	155.39	417.36
1873	3.34	6.68	10.35	19.03	27.71	56.43	85.14	228.71	617.70	2,538
1876 H	3.17	5.68	11.02	19.20	27.38	58.76	90.15	233.72	617.70	2,454
1880 > Wide O	2.84	4.84	8.01	13.36	18.70	40.40	62.10	113.52	242.07	934.89
1880 > Narrow O	123.54	225.38	400.67	517.53	634.39	818.03	1,002	1,686	2,838	7,563
1885	26.71	44.61	97.74	124.06	150.38	221.26	292.15	550.92	1,169	4,073
1888	25.88	50.13	100.25	134.09	167.92	246.73	325.54	734.56	1,503	6,728
1890	2.67	4.67	12.02	18.53	25.04	53.42	81.80	233.72	467.45	2,120
1894	2.67	4.67	9.02	13.86	18.70	36.06	53.42	158.60	317.20	1,920
1896	2.67	4.67	6.68	12.85	19.03	30.38	41.74	108.51	217.03	876.46
1904 H	5.51	10.68	20.03	27.38	34.72	56.59	78.46	200.33	534.22	1,452
1907	2.09	3.84	5.68	8.68	11.69	25.88	40.07	141.90	300.50	1,235
1909	2.09	3.84	5.68	7.85	10.02	20.87	31.72	80.13	158.60	313.28
1913	1.09	2.00	3.01	3.67	4.34	7.18	10.02	36.73	81.80	186.98

Newfoundland 1¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1917 C	1.09	2.00	3.01	3.67	4.34	7.01	9.68	36.73	125.21	437.40
1919 C	1.09	2.00	3.01	4.51	6.01	11.35	16.69	60.10	258.76	818.03
1920 C	1.09	2.00	3.01	5.18	7.35	16.19	25.04	100.17	425.71	2,087
1929	1.09	2.00	3.01	3.84	4.67	6.84	9.02	36.73	100.17	225.38
1936	1.00	2.01	3.01	3.76	4.51	6.93	9.35	20.10	55.14	150.38
1936 > bar	21.47	42.97	64.45	80.56	96.68	148.51	200.35	430.75	1,182	3,223
1938	0.42	0.87	2.00	2.50	3.01	3.67	4.34	10.02	28.38	88.48
1940	1.09	2.09	3.09	4.55	6.01	11.35	16.69	46.74	120.20	767.95
1941 C	0.42	0.83	1.29	1.60	1.92	2.63	3.34	9.68	35.06	283.81
1942	0.42	0.83	1.37	1.60	1.84	2.59	3.34	13.36	50.08	300.50
1943 C	0.42	0.83	1.37	1.60	1.84	3.42	5.01	9.35	21.70	133.56
1944 C	1.00	2.00	4.67	10.68	16.69	29.22	41.74	110.28	350.58	2,005
1947 C	0.67	1.34	2.50	4.76	7.01	14.36	21.70	46.74	115.19	383.97

MARITIMES 5 C E N T S										
New Brunswick 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1862	51.31	98.87	185.31	276.29	367.28	575.96	784.64	1,836	3,422	6,266
1864 > Small 6	52.57	106.84	193.66	288.81	383.97	592.99	802.01	1,754	3,759	7,519
1864 > Large 6	76.79	151.92	267.11	388.15	509.18	822.20	1,135	2,381	4,511	9,023

Newfoundland 5¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1 8 6 5	30.05	58.10	100.17	162.77	225.38	329.72	434.06	902.26	1,905	4,887
1 8 7 0	55.14	100.25	200.50	300.75	401.00	617.86	834.72	1,504	2,907	5,013
1 8 7 2 H	30.88	60.10	100.17	150.25	200.33	308.85	417.36	767.95	1,303	2,932
1 8 7 3	100.17	200.33	350.58	525.88	701.17	1,202	1,703	3,509	7,268	17,043
1 8 7 3 H	814.54	1,454	2,237	2,808	3,379	4,862	6,344	11,529	20,050	37,594
1 8 7 6 H	103.51	217.03	333.89	450.75	567.61	767.95	968.28	1,504	2,506	4,336
1 8 8 0	41.74	77.69	125.21	183.64	242.07	388.15	534.22	1,135	2,506	4,336
1 8 8 1	38.40	75.13	125.21	196.16	267.11	442.40	617.70	1,336	2,755	4,912
1 8 8 2 H	20.70	40.73	76.79	111.85	146.91	248.75	350.58	868.11	1,786	3,122
1 8 8 5	133.56	233.72	383.97	492.49	601.00	968.28	1,336	2,404	4,386	7,769
1 8 8 8	40.07	76.79	158.60	246.24	333.89	542.88	751.88	1,554	3,509	7,769
1 8 9 0	9.02	17.36	33.39	54.26	75.13	130.27	185.42	642.74	1,736	3,108
1 8 9 4	7.35	14.94	28.38	48.02	67.67	116.44	165.21	617.70	1,720	4,010
1 8 9 6	4.17	7.35	15.03	25.38	35.73	69.62	103.51	434.06	1,503	4,341
1 9 0 3	3.75	7.51	15.04	23.79	32.54	57.17	81.80	250.42	734.56	2,204
1 9 0 4 H	2.75	4.88	9.51	18.93	28.35	45.99	63.64	141.90	250.42	459.10
1 9 0 8	2.50	4.63	8.14	12.77	17.40	32.91	48.41	128.55	294.12	826.03
1 9 1 2	1.25	2.50	4.17	7.60	11.02	21.37	31.72	78.85	141.90	333.89
1 9 1 7 C	1.17	2.34	4.51	8.10	11.69	25.04	38.40	141.90	417.36	1,202
1 9 1 9 C	3.67	7.51	10.68	20.37	30.05	85.98	141.90	550.92	1,419	3,756
1 9 2 9	1.17	2.34	3.84	4.92	6.01	13.02	20.03	73.46	200.33	484.14
1 9 3 8	1.25	2.51	3.51	4.01	4.51	8.14	11.76	39.11	112.64	295.49
1 9 4 0 C	1.25	2.76	3.51	3.91	4.32	7.29	10.26	35.06	108.51	346.68
1 9 4 1 C	1.25	2.51	3.01	3.42	3.84	5.36	6.88	12.02	26.71	52.57
1 9 4 2 C	1.25	2.76	3.51	4.01	4.51	5.76	7.01	14.02	35.06	60.10
1 9 4 3 C	1.25	2.51	2.84	3.42	4.01	5.34	6.68	12.02	25.04	54.69
1 9 4 4 C	1.25	2.76	3.76	4.14	4.51	7.60	10.68	26.28	77.60	200.25
1 9 4 5 C	1.25	2.51	2.84	3.42	4.01	5.68	7.35	13.02	30.05	51.31
1 9 4 6 C	225.56	401.00	534.22	584.31	634.39	776.29	918.20	1,665	2,588	3,129
1 9 4 7 C	2.76	5.01	8.01	10.01	12.02	18.53	25.04	51.75	123.54	283.81

The dts Average

By Dean Silver

Newfoundland 10¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1873	33.79	68.84	150.25	225.38	300.50	651.50	1,003	3,008	6,316	12,060
1876 H	38.40	78.46	150.25	225.38	300.50	492.49	684.47	1,404	2,506	4,261
1880	36.73	71.79	161.45	272.71	383.97	584.31	784.64	1,504	3,008	5,263
1882 H	30.05	61.77	115.19	207.85	300.50	550.92	801.34	1,905	4,010	9,774
1885	78.85	153.59	308.85	479.97	651.09	927.05	1,203	2,005	3,759	7,519
1888	26.28	65.11	125.21	229.55	333.89	851.42	1,369	3,008	7,018	12,060
1890	7.18	15.03	30.05	45.08	60.10	130.22	200.33	834.72	2,256	5,514
1894	7.63	16.90	26.29	44.87	63.44	131.89	200.33	651.09	2,005	5,013
1896	6.51	13.02	20.03	33.39	46.74	107.68	168.61	626.57	2,005	5,514
1903	5.32	13.02	35.06	70.95	106.84	195.33	283.81	776.94	2,005	6,015
1904 H	3.25	6.01	15.03	28.38	41.74	75.13	108.51	187.73	362.95	700.88
1912	1.63	2.88	7.51	11.43	15.36	36.06	56.76	158.60	267.11	500.63
1917 C	1.38	2.63	5.51	10.27	15.03	35.89	56.76	243.11	601.00	1,865
1919 C	2.00	4.76	10.02	19.20	28.38	57.60	86.81	175.29	300.50	500.13
1938	1.38	2.76	3.67	5.09	6.51	10.77	15.03	50.08	166.94	534.22
1940	1.38	2.76	3.67	5.01	6.34	10.68	15.03	48.41	150.25	509.18
1941 C	1.38	2.76	3.67	4.84	6.01	7.39	8.76	23.03	61.33	181.97
1942 C	1.38	2.76	3.67	4.65	5.63	7.83	10.03	26.71	76.79	275.34
1943 C	1.38	2.76	3.67	4.84	6.01	8.35	10.68	30.04	100.17	394.24
1944 C	1.38	2.76	4.51	7.35	10.18	20.95	31.72	91.82	375.63	1,352
1945 C	1.25	2.17	3.34	4.26	5.18	6.84	8.51	25.04	73.46	317.20
1946 C	2.09	4.17	7.68	11.35	15.03	20.37	25.71	56.88	135.17	500.63
1947 C	1.50	3.01	5.63	7.82	10.01	16.03	22.06	53.42	133.56	413.02

MARITIMES

20 CENTS

New Brunswick 20¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1862	24.04	45.08	71.79	123.61	175.44	288.22	401.00	902.26	2,003	6,015
1864	24.04	48.41	75.13	125.28	175.44	300.75	426.07	1,068	2,504	7,519

Newfoundland 20¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1865	15.04	25.04	48.41	85.98	123.54	245.41	367.28	801.34	2,037	4,007
1870	15.69	35.06	71.79	123.54	175.29	338.06	500.83	1,002	2,538	4,341
1872 H	10.02	20.03	36.73	59.27	81.80	195.33	308.85	726.82	1,554	3,133
1873	20.70	41.74	116.86	208.68	300.50	580.13	859.77	2,838	9,023	15,075
1876 H	20.03	40.07	76.79	121.87	166.94	333.89	500.83	1,103	2,506	3,885
1880	21.37	45.74	89.32	136.48	183.64	383.97	584.31	1,378	3,008	5,013
1881	13.02	25.04	50.13	96.85	143.57	288.81	434.06	1,103	2,381	4,762
1882 H	9.52	15.03	28.38	53.42	78.46	185.31	292.15	884.81	2,130	5,263
1885	15.03	30.88	61.77	114.36	166.94	329.72	492.49	1,754	4,511	9,045
1888	10.02	20.87	41.90	72.70	103.51	235.39	367.28	834.72	2,356	7,018
1890	8.68	15.03	30.05	57.60	85.14	213.69	342.24	1,003	2,506	6,015
1894	8.68	15.03	30.05	51.75	73.46	163.61	253.76	676.69	1,779	4,010
1896 > Small 9 6	7.35	13.02	23.04	44.91	66.78	158.60	250.42	701.17	2,506	6,030
1896 > Large 9 6	8.68	15.03	33.39	60.10	86.81	281.30	475.79	934.89	3,008	8,040
1899 > Large 9 9	5.34	9.68	19.37	33.89	48.41	141.07	233.72	734.56	2,506	7,018
1899 > Small 9 9	20.70	41.74	93.49	166.94	240.40	424.04	607.68	1,253	3,158	7,538
1900	5.34	9.68	17.70	30.13	42.57	100.58	158.60	601.00	1,679	5,263
1904 H	13.02	22.37	53.09	81.64	110.18	292.99	475.79	1,436	4,261	10,526
1912	2.69	5.34	10.53	15.28	20.03	48.41	76.79	217.03	409.02	734.56

MARITIMES

25 CENTS

Newfoundland 25¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1917 C	2.35	4.34	6.68	8.76	10.85	16.28	21.70	65.11	225.38	425.71
1919 C	2.70	5.34	9.52	14.77	20.03	31.72	43.41	175.29	601.00	3,172

MARITIMES

50 CENTS

Newfoundland 50¢	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1870	19.37	33.39	76.79	142.74	208.68	588.48	968.28	2,105	6,266	14,035
1872 H	15.03	26.71	56.76	97.66	138.56	353.09	567.61	1,153	3,008	6,015
1873	32.55	68.45	116.86	225.38	333.89	701.17	1,068	3,255	12,281	20,050
1874	20.70	45.08	85.14	159.43	233.72	601.00	968.28	3,172	12,093	19,677
1876 H	26.71	63.44	131.89	232.89	333.89	617.70	901.50	1,729	4,261	7,908

1880	28.38	58.43	125.21	237.90	350.58	905.68	1,461	3,759	9,524	19,426
1881	19.03	35.06	68.45	167.78	267.11	559.27	851.42	1,770	5,013	12,168
1882 H	13.02	25.04	50.42	96.16	141.90	388.15	634.39	1,135	3,339	8,521
1885	25.88	50.92	85.14	183.64	282.14	608.51	934.89	2,104	6,015	12,910
1888	35.06	75.13	141.90	242.07	342.24	855.59	1,369	5,263	17,544	27,847
1894	10.02	20.03	41.74	94.32	146.91	386.48	626.04	1,861	5,426	14,091
1896	9.35	15.03	36.73	79.30	121.87	319.70	517.53	1,402	4,674	12,030
1898	9.02	13.69	25.71	57.10	88.48	198.66	308.85	1,219	5,050	11,907
1899 > Narrow 9's	8.35	14.02	22.37	56.26	90.15	186.98	283.81	1,035	4,174	9,852
1899 > Wide 9's	8.68	15.03	30.05	62.60	95.16	235.39	375.63	1,235	4,674	11,529
1900	8.35	14.02	22.37	49.58	76.79	176.13	275.46	1,068	3,957	9,815
1904 H	4.17	7.68	12.35	18.70	25.04	47.58	70.12	191.99	434.06	1,336
1907	4.17	7.68	12.35	20.87	29.38	50.58	71.79	242.07	484.14	1,469
1908	4.17	7.68	12.35	19.53	26.71	46.74	66.78	146.91	358.93	934.89
1909	4.34	9.02	19.37	24.37	29.38	52.25	75.13	158.60	400.67	1,252
1911	4.01	7.18	10.35	13.52	16.69	29.22	41.74	110.18	308.85	784.64
1917 C	4.01	7.18	10.35	13.52	16.69	28.38	40.07	85.14	200.33	609.35
1918 C	4.01	7.18	10.35	13.52	16.69	28.38	40.07	85.14	200.33	559.27
1919 C	4.17	7.18	12.02	16.03	20.03	33.39	46.74	150.25	400.67	1,503

MARITIMES

2 DOLLARS

Newfoundland 2 \$	G 4	VG 8	F 12	F 16	VF 20	VF 30	EF 40	AU 50	MS 60	MS 63
1865	57.18	107.68	215.36	282.97	350.58	413.19	475.79	659.43	2,037	12,521
1870	58.01	116.03	232.05	291.32	350.58	421.54	492.49	726.21	2,304	12,020
1872	75.13	150.25	300.50	371.45	442.40	546.74	651.09	1,035	3,606	15,025
1880	331.80	663.61	1,327	1,523	1,720	1,987	2,254	3,372	8,180	26,711
1881	55.93	111.85	223.71	263.77	303.84	343.91	383.97	550.92	2,588	14,357
1882 H	56.76	113.52	227.05	265.44	303.84	318.86	333.89	383.97	784.64	3,172
1885	56.76	113.52	227.05	265.44	303.84	327.21	350.58	417.36	1,035	4,508
1888	56.76	113.52	227.05	257.93	288.81	307.18	325.54	367.28	901.50	3,422

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A Two-Tailed Coin

By Chris Boyer FRCNA # 19007; MCC of C # 3377

This article will tell the tales of one coin—to be precise, its two tales. Even to those familiar with Canadian silver dollars countermarked with the initials “J.O.P.” there is much more here than initially meets the eye. The second tale has taken a little more delving, but has proven to be quite intriguing, especially for those with a penchant for military history.

Tale No. 1: The 1935 “J.O.P.” countermarked dollar

Recently, a friend and fellow member of the Waterloo Coin Society, Len Trakalo, offered me his 1935 “J.O.P.” countermarked silver dollar for sale. Knowing of my interest in this intriguing facet of Canadian numismatic history, he felt my curiosity would be piqued. (For more information on J.O.P. countermarked silver dollars, please consult the past issues of *The CN Journal* or the 2006 *Charlton Standard Catalogue of Canadian Coins*.) A price was suggested, but money being a little tight, I initially turned down the coin, though with some reluctance. Len came back with an irresistible price and payment terms, so a private treaty was struck. When I took possession of the coin in December, he told me that he originally bought the piece at auction a while back, but felt that it would perhaps be more appreciated now by someone passionate about J.O.P. dollars, such as me. He also told me that he spoke to Brian Cornwell about the coin, who had certified it through the International Coin Certification Service in Toronto. He mentioned that Cornwell noted that it was one of very few double-punched coins that he has certified (if not the only one at that time). He also noted that the I.C.C.S. holder made no mention of the numbers and letters crudely scratched onto the surface, so even I.C.C.S. held that those markings had little impact on its value to collectors.

Upon closer examination, the countermark is of the “Type 2” variety, that is, “Initials Small Oval” type, generally considered to be a genuine countermark made by

Joseph Oliva Patenaude on Canadian silver dollars between 1935 and 1954. What is more, the countermark appears double-punched, with the second impact slightly to the west of the first, so the impression appears as “J.O.P.P”. Knowing this fact ahead of time made me particularly interested in adding this coin to my collection. For a while now, I and other J.O.P. dollar enthusiasts have wondered about the supposition that if Patenaude were a perfectionist (as is stated in the 2006 *Charlton Standard Catalogue of Canadian Coins*), then how can we explain the existence not only of double-punched coins, but coins with other imperfections as well?

I wrote a letter to my long time acquaintance and fellow J.O.P. dollar enthusiast, Edward Doane of Whites Cove, New Brunswick. I told him of my latest acquisition and asked if in his examination of dozens of J.O.P. silver dollars, he had seen any with multiple punches. His reply: “YES!” I went further and asked him what he thought about the fact that Patenaude must have made the odd mistake, and being frugal would have never even considered throwing away any mis-strikes. He replied: “Your theory is sound.”



Badges from early in Logan's flying career.

Royal Canadian Numismatic Association President Dan Gosling introduced me to J.O.P. dollar enthusiast Roger Grove, who also suspects that there are other imperfect J.O.P. silver dollars out there. Grove is an Alberta numismatist who has not only made an in-depth study of Patenaude the man, but has visited Joseph Oliva Patenaude's shop in Nelson, B.C., and has come back with some interesting findings. (See *The CN Journal*, January/February 2010, pp. 32-37). Roger also made the fortunate purchase of a collection of J.O.P. silver dollars, one of which he says has a multiple punch; I look forward to reading Roger's follow-up article. Grove's theory is that Joseph Patenaude was getting on in years around the time he sold his jewelry business in 1950, and the precision with which he countermarked coins may have suffered somewhat on some pieces due to old age. I concur, and further contend that the sheer numbers of the coins struck as well as the fact that he was human (and therefore prone to human error) would have made it inevitable that at least some coins would have less-than-perfect countermarks. Edward Doane has also noted that J.O.P. double-punched countermarked coins from latter years (1952, 1953) were "starting to show up", offering further confirmation of our suspicions.

Given the generally-accepted view that the Type 2 "Initials Small Oval" countermark is genuine, and that it has appeared on an I.C.C.S.-certified double-punched countermark 1935 Canadian silver dollar, I think it is time to rethink the assumption that less-than-perfect J.O.P. dollars are suspect, and in fact must exist in this less-than-perfect world. I feel very fortunate to be its curator.

Tale No. 2—"LOGAN K" and "R123710" crudely inscribed on the coin

Barely discernable by the unaided eye, close examination with a hand lens reveals the upper case initials "LOGAN K" scratched by hand with a sharp implement, which appears between the "J.O.P.P" countermark and the 1935 date. Below the date is a crudely gouged "R123710". At first some may find this a worrisome appearance on a coin. However it has proven to be a real challenge to identify just who this "LOGAN K" was and his connection to this 1935 countermarked silver dollar. Having a little experience with collecting police and militaria items, I suspected that the lower inscription was some sort of military regimental number. (Members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, for example, usually have a five-digit regimental number, which is assigned at Depot.) I contacted an R.C.M.P. and militaria expert, Don Klancher, who is a fellow member of the Military Collectors Club of Canada. His initial research



Pilot's wings

indicated that perhaps the number was related to the naval reserve, but had no further information to offer. He did, however, refer me to an Ottawa-area military researcher with whom I had worked before, Arnie Kay. Arnie had researched my grandfather's and great-grandfathers' war service records for me, as well as a former R.C.M.P. officer's service file, after I acquired the member's R.C.M.P. Long Service and Good Conduct medal for a numismatic exhibit. Arnie was keen to take on the research but could offer no promises, as there were sometimes gaps in military service file information. What is more, it is not always possible to obtain full information on veterans, especially if they have not been deceased for twenty years or more. For those deceased less than twenty years, family members may apply for information, but third-party researchers (such as Arnie, on my behalf) would only be entitled to "vetted", or information censored of private details, and that with proof of death. (For veterans who are still living, written permission for access to service files must be obtained.) What was also uncertain was if we were looking for a "K. Logan" or a "Logan



Medals upon discharge

K." It seemed for a time as though I may have reached a dead end, but hope was not abandoned. Happy news! Some days later, Arnie had found that a "Logan Ross KENNEDY", who was enlisted with the Royal Canadian Air Force Reserve and had the regimental number R123710, had been located in his initial records search. Kennedy had been commissioned as an officer in the R.C.A.F. and his officer's regimental number was J87439.

I waited impatiently to receive the service file and to find out what I could about this man. In the mean time, I conducted an Internet search and found one entry for Logan Ross Kennedy, regimental number J87439: the *Legion Magazine* had a "Last Post" entry, that Flying Officer Logan Kennedy had passed away on July 21, 1999 at the age of 75, had seen service in WWII with the R.C.A.F., and that his Legion Branch was in Saskatoon.

A few days later, Arnie's envelope arrived from Ottawa with a few photocopied pages, most with a number of black marker lines where personal information had been "vetted". Even so, an interesting story emerged.

Flying Officer Logan Ross KENNEDY engaged in the R.C.A.F. at Winnipeg on September 10, 1941. His schooling ("Junior Matriculation") appears to have been done in Manitoba. His parents were David and Elsie Kennedy, his language was English, and was probably single at the time (as his father was listed as next of kin). He was commissioned to the rank of Pilot Officer on December 13, 1943. At the time of his enlistment at Winnipeg, he was part of the R.C.A.F. Reserve and held the non-commissioned rank of "Aircraftman 2". Kennedy moved up through the ranks of Corporal, Sergeant, Warrant Officer II, Pilot Officer and finally Flying Officer. He spent some time in Canada in various units and locations including Lachine, QC; Halifax, NS; Brantford, and Oshawa, ON; Saskatoon, SK; Edmonton and Claresholm, AB; and Winnipeg,



MB, before heading overseas to the U.K. During the war he attended the Pilot Course as a pupil in the fall of 1942 and was awarded his "Pilot's Flying Badge" on February 5, 1943. At the time of his discharge on September 14, 1945, he not only had his pilot's wings, but a War Service Badge (No. 232699) as well as the Canadian Voluntary Service Award (C.V.S.M.) and clasp, indicating overseas service, and the Defence Medal.

While it will be another few years before I can apply to have the un-vetted service file, there aren't too many details that remain to make a full picture. The question arises—just how did Flying Officer Kennedy get his J.O.P. dollar?

A survey of his postings shows that Claresholm, AB is just across the Rocky Mountains from Nelson, B.C., where the J.O.P. dollars originated. Was Kennedy on leave at Nelson and obtained his dollar there? Or did it come to him in circulation from Nelson to Claresholm? Time may tell, since information on his leave, casualties, and other sensitive details will remain confidential until 2019. It is somewhat romantic to imagine that Kennedy carried his initialed J.O.P. dollar with him throughout his war service. The coin does show some wear and even has an edge nick where it may have dropped at one point.

And so we come to the end of our two tales—for the time being, at least. Before the final details of his file become available, we will also have to wonder about what he did after the war. We may presume that he settled in Saskatoon (given his Legion Branch designation). Did he have a bride and children? Are there any living relatives in Saskatoon or elsewhere, who might have his photo, relics, and other interesting information? Time may tell. For now, we know a little about this coin's original owner, and it is an interesting provenance indeed.



Where to Get Coins

by Joe Kennedy

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M C S O U V E N I R T P D G F O F
I I I O G A R A G E S A L E L C R
L T G R F I Q Q T S D P C R E U I
Y Y N U C E F E T E Y E S T A T E
M D M C O U N T I N G R O O M D N
K I E E L R L F Y T F A I R A S D
A K N A E U I A S A P D W R R R V
Y Q T T L S B I T T E D T F K G I
H K N M S E T M A I L O R D E R N
I I W A I H R O B O O B A R T E R
C O L L E C T O R N I N H E R I T
I C H A N G E V D E X G F W Z N D

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bourse	dealer	garage sale	relative
change	estate	gift	show
circulation	expo	inherit	souvenir
classified ads	fair	internet	store
club	family	mail order	trade
collector	flea market	mint	vending (machine)

Members can send questions or comments to editor_ens@yahoo.ca. where they would like clarification or information on numismatic or ENS items. *The Planchet* will do its best to publish answers to all questions it receives. Please include scans or pictures when applicable.



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Member's Minute

Not sure I have the correct contact, but while collecting the latest series of coloured quarters from the Special Olympic Moments: 2002 Men's & Women's Ice Hockey and Cindy Klassen (2006), I have noticed a variety with the coloured Men's Ice Hockey.

I have some coins where the last "2" in "2002" appears within a box and some where the "2" is clean (no box). Does a variety exist and if so, is there a projected mintage of the variety and market value?

In addition, I have looked through a significant number of quarters and have only found four (4) coloured Cindy Klassen's, is there a lower mintage with this one?

Sincerely,
Brent S

Yes, there is a definite variety in the men's colourized Olympic quarters. They are currently known as 'raised' and 'engraved' 2's. According to the mint, the mintage is 2.8 million of the raised colourized quarters and only 200,000 for the engraved ones. This is essentially the lowest mintage of a Canadian quarter since 1915, where the mintage was 242,382. Now the jury is still out on whether the engraved quarters are truly the lower mintage. Several collectors have searched thousands of rolls of 2010 quarters and many are finding the engraved 2's appear to be more common, sometimes 2 - 3 times more common than the raised. Despite what collectors are finding, the mint still maintains that the engraved variety is the scarcer variety. CCN Trends lists the raised 2 at \$2.50 in MS-63 and at \$12.00 for the engraved at the same grade.

The mintage of all colourized quarters was to be 3,000,000 so they should be as common as all other colourized (not including the engraved variety) quarters. It is possible that the mint did not ship many of them to our area.

I have some coins that were left to me and would like to dispose of them as quickly & easily as possible & get a reasonable value, not necessarily top dollar. They are Canadian coins, mostly from the 1950's, (some earlier some later), about 30 \$1, 20 \$.50. Also some rolls of centennial quarters nickels dimes pennies. Would it be best to go to your coin show in March? Or is there a reputable dealer in Edmonton you could recommend? How to ensure that if one of them is fantastically valuable you will be made aware since it seems dependent on expert appraisal? Thanks for any guidance you can give me,
Bryan

The best way would be for you to bring everything to the Money Show on March 6 and 7. The ENS will have an appraisal table set up for anyone to bring items in to have them appraised free of charge. The appraisers are volunteers of the club and have no vested interest in the appraisals, so you can rest assured they will quote you what you can truly expect to get should you choose to sell them. They would then be able to point you to dealers attending the show who would likely be interested in what you have.

There is a charge at the door for all who enter the show - \$5. If you prepurchase tickets they will be about \$2 cheaper.

The deadline for submissions for the next issue of *The Planchet* is March 31, 2010. Please ensure that anything you would like to contribute is received at the editor_ens@yahoo.ca e-mail by then.



AN AURELIANUS OF NUMERIAN

In 283 A.D. Numerian became Augustus joining his father Carus and his elder brother Carinus as Emperors of Rome. He joined his father Carus in an expedition against Persia. After the death of his father later in that year Numerian led the Roman army back to Europe. While on the road back in November 284, Numerian was murdered in his litter, a fact that was covered up by the conspirators until the evidence of his death became too overpowering. The Empire then fell into the hands of Diocletian who may have been one of his murderers but had managed to escape the ordure of his death.

During his short reign this coin an Aurelianus was minted in the mint of Siscia. The Aurelianus was the coin introduced by Aurelian to replace the badly debased antoninianii of previous emperors. In theory this coin had about 5% silver content. The obverse legend reads IMP.C. NUMERIANVS P.F.AVG. This translates loosely to Supreme Commander the Caesar Numerian the Pious and Lucky Emperor. The Emperor is depicted with a radiate crown and

wearing a cuirasse. The reverse reads FIDES EXERICT AVGG. This means The army is loyal to the two Augustus. in this case Carinus and Numerian. The reverse depicts Fides seated in front of three military standards. In the exergue one sees the mint signature SMSXXI. A gamma **Y** can be seen in the left field. The mint signature reads Sacra Moneta Sisienis the XXI represents that there is 5% silver in the coin. It has been suggested elsewhere that the Sacra Moneta prefix indicates that the Emperor is in residence, if this is so the Emperor being referred to is Carinus. The gamma officina or third officina was exclusively used for the coinage of Numerian.



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L'AIGLON IS BORN

It had been the worst of nights and the best of nights. The most powerful man in Europe, victor of numerous campaigns, had never felt this powerless. He could do nothing but stand by helplessly, waiting to let fate decide the outcome. The realization of his most longed for dream hung in the balance. On 20 March 1811, after much difficulty - success. The emperor of the French, had a son and heir.

Napoléon's anxiety had been shared by all of France. As the moment of the Empress Marie-Louise's deliverance grew nearer, excitement built. Parisians filled the streets and crowds gathered at the Tuileries Palace to await the news. As the cannonade announcing a birth began to fire, the people began to cheer. The number of gun shots signalling a girl or boy had been published in the newspapers. Twenty-one for a girl, one hundred for a boy. As the twenty-second shot was fired, the people went wild with joy.

The heir to the French empire was christened Napoléon François Charles Joseph Bonaparte in a private ceremony on 20 March 1811, at the Tuileries Palace. His birth had been difficult. The labour had been long and the doctors, Corvisart and Dubois, had feared both mother and child would not live. Faced with this possibility, Dubois asked Napoléon what he wished done. Should the mother or child be saved?

Napoléon faced with a dilemma, for he truly loved Marie-Louise, yet desperately wanted and needed an heir, asked Dubois:

"What would you do in a similar case if you were attending the wife of a citizen?"

Dubois answered:

"I should make use of the instruments."

Napoleon replied:

"Well then do exactly as if you were in the house of a tradesman in the rue Saint-Denis. Be careful of both mother and child, and if you can not save both, preserve the mother's life for me."

When Dubois returned to the delivery room, instruments in hand, Marie-Louise, exclaimed:

"Because I am an empress, am I to be sacrificed."

When the baby finally came, it appeared stillborn. Having been placed on the floor, so the doctors could attend the mother, he began all of a sudden to cry. Napoleon was ecstatic, both mother and child were well. The christening ceremony took place the same day.

His godmother was Madame Mère, Napoléon's mother, arguably the fiercest woman in Europe. She was reputed to have the power to reduce kings and emperors to mere children. His godfather was emperor Francis I of Austria, the head of one of Europe's oldest dynasties and father of Marie-Louise.

To celebrate the birth, Napoleon pulled-out all the stops and spared no expense. Extensive celebrations and many forms of publicity were planned. One of the most impressive of these can be seen in the number and variety of medals issued.

Vivant Denon, director of the Paris medal mint, in anticipation of the event had made extensive plans to issue a large series of medals. To expedite the process the obverses for the dies, featuring the happy father and mother, had been cut in advance. On March 21, the day after the birth, he wrote to the prince's governess Countess de Montesquiou, to make arrangements for the likeness of the new born to be drawn. This was executed by Pierre-Paul Prud'hon (1758 - 1823), the foremost portrait painter of France.

obverse

reverse



in bronzed copper



in silver



in gold

Above medals part of the series issued to commemorate the birth, show on the reverse the portrait of the new princeling, engraved by Galle after the drawing by Prud'hon.

The obverse shows the conjoined portraits of the joyous parents, engraved by Andrieu.

15 mm - reference: Bramsen 1092

continued on next page



34 mm bronzed copper



The various sizes in which the birth medals were struck

- reverse shows Napoléon François Joseph Charles facing right after the portrait by Prud'hon
- obverse shows the conjoined portraits of Napoléon and Marie-Louise
- in this part of the series, both faces of the medals were engraved by Andrieu.
- reference:
top medal: Bramsen 1100
middle and bottom medals: Bramsen 1091.



41 mm bronzed copper



41 mm silver



continued on next page

The empress Marie-Louise was also prominently featured in numerous medals celebrating her motherhood. An Austrian princess, she had initially not been popular with the people. By providing the longed for heir, her popularity soared. Even the notoriously quarrelsome Bonaparte clan had to give her their grudging respect. On the medal to the right she is depicted as a Roman matriarch properly veiled, with her son resting in her arm.

King of Rome

Napoléon created the little prince King of Rome. His official title was "His Majesty the King of Rome", it was to be the courtesy title of the heir-apparent to the Empire of the French. The political message of this title was unmistakable.

King of Rome was a variant of the ancient title **Romanorum Rex** (King of the Romans) held by the **Imperator futurus** (Emperor to be), having been elected ruler of the Holy Roman Empire, but prior to his coronation. The office and title of Holy Roman Emperor, although technically elected, had by the late 17th century de facto become hereditary to the Hapsburgs, rulers of Austria and much of south-eastern Europe. It carried prestige and at times influence over vast territories in the heart of Europe.

Napoléon, after having created himself Emperor of the French in 1804 and whilst rearranging the political map of Europe following his victories of 1805 - 6 over the Russians, Prussians and Austrians, created the Confederation of the Rhine. This confederation reshaped the political landscape of Germany and ended the raison d'être for the Holy Roman Empire. Facing facts, the last Holy Roman Emperor, Francis II, abdicated in 1806 and created himself Emperor Francis I of Austria.

By naming his heir King of Rome, Napoléon proclaimed that he, his dynasty and empire were the legitimate successors to the legacy of Charlemagne, the mediaeval Holy Roman Empire and even further back in history that of ancient Roman. In fact, he placed himself and his dynasty above all other European rulers.

This upset the balance which had existed in European politics for centuries. It was also a bitter pill for these proud dynasties to swallow. They viewed Napoleon as an upstart, not part of their inner circle. For the time being they had to accept the situation; Napoleon held the trump card, the Grande Armée.

On a more intimate level and especially popular with the troops, the little prince was nicknamed **I'Aiglon**, French for 'little eagle'. This was an allusion to the imperial eagle, symbol of the French empire.



41 mm
bronzed copper
engraved by Jouanin
reference: Bramsen 1099



An adorable little silver medal - obverse showing the new born King of Rome facing right. On the reverse are the personifications of the cities of Paris and Rome, capitals of the Empire of the French and the Kingdom of Italy respectively, both states created by Napoléon. The medal proclaims Napoléon's son as heir to both.
- 18 mm, reference: Bramsen 1102



The baptism was celebrated with pomp and ceremony, heavily laden with religious overtones, in Notre-Dame Cathedral on 9 June 1811. Dignitaries from all over the empire, its client states, allies and dependencies were present. It would prove to be the last grand festivity of Napoléon's reign. Although personally he set no store in religion, Napoléon realized its power

continued on next page



Grande medal celebrating the baptism of Napoleon I's son at Notre-Dame Cathedral in Paris on 9 June 1811.

obverse (left):

Napoleon I facing left, clothed in the imperial robes with the sword of state at his side. He is crowned as a Roman emperor with the laurel wreath. Behind him can be seen an ornate throne with an 'N' encircled in a wreath. To the left is the baptismal font, a laurel branch rests on a vessel. Against the foot of the font's pedestal rests a bible.

The main action depicted is Napoleon holding his son aloft. The scene serves four propaganda purposes:

- Napoleon's legal acknowledgement of his son (like Roman custom and legal practice - a child was not considered acknowledged until the father took him into his arms, held him aloft before witnesses. This medal is a public declaration and makes all of France witness.
- to commemorate the baptism of the King of Rome
- to demonstrate, as symbolized by the laurel branch, the peace and prosperity to come, now that the succession had been secured
- to demonstrate the virility and permanence of the dynasty.

reverse (right below):

Two circles with a total of 49 'citadels' representing the important or "bonnes villes" of the French empire. The largest 'citadel' is Paris, with Rome and Amsterdam directly below. The others are arranged alphabetically. As the legend states, this medal was given by these cities, at their expenses, to the emperor. It was presented by their mayors during their audience with Napoleon, following the parade celebrating the baptism. It symbolizes the unity and joy of the peoples of the empire at the birth and baptism of the heir.



section of reverse
magnified to show
the names on the
'citadels'.

medal particulars:

diameter: 68 mm
weight: 150 g
composition: bronzed copper
engraver: Andrieu
designer: Lafitte

This is one of the largest and heaviest contemporary Napoleonic medals struck. It was designed to impress by its sheer size. Napoleon was presented with a striking in gold.

references: Bramsen 1125, d'Essling 1360, Julius 2462, Bank Leu 350.



continued on next page

and usefulness. In 1801 via the Concordat with the Papacy, reversing Revolutionary policies against religion, he had rehabilitated religion and the Catholic Church back into French society. Bending it to his ends, he made it subservient to the interests of his regime. The ceremony at Notre-Dame provided his dynasty with the sanction of the Church - the aura and magic of religion. It provided further affirmation of his regime's legitimacy.

The ruler of the French had long wanted a family life, a refuge from the political and military realities. He had tried to build this, unsuccessfully, with his first wife Josephine and her children, whom he loved. His grasping and never satisfied siblings were no help to this end either.

With his new wife, Marie-Louise, whom he seems to have genuinely loved, and now his son, it appeared he had what he wanted. Napoléon took to being a family man well. Some historians have argued that it made him soft and ultimately contributed to his downfall. This may be so, but it shows his human side.

Napoleon's relationship with his son was a tender one. He genuinely adored him. Unlike most other European rulers, whose domestic lives can at best be described as dysfunctional, Napoléon tried to create a real family life. He took an active part in his son's upbringing. The ruler of Europe, master of the battlefield, rolled on the floor with his son, played tricks on him and teased him about not eating his spinach. The little prince was allowed to play in his father's study, while matters of state were discussed and campaigns planned. He met and perhaps sat on the knees of the battle hardened marshals of France, whom had built the empire.

The succession was secured. The dynasty appeared firmly entrenched. He had married into the most illustrious European royal family. The future looked bright. This would prove to be illusory. The domestic bliss was not to last. Events would soon overtake and alter everything. All was to be taken away.

Pierre Driessen

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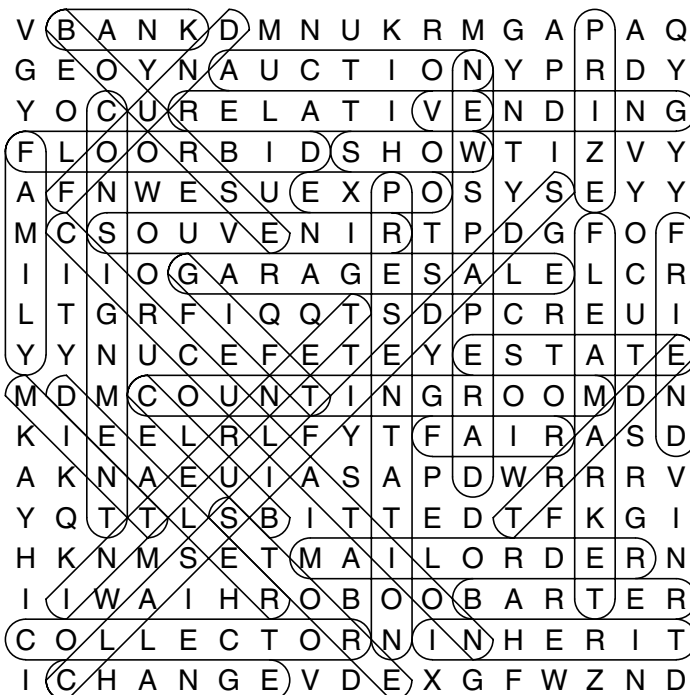
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New Members

February 2010

New Membership Applications

No new member applications this month.

The ENS would like to remind members that 2010 membership renewals are due. Payment can be made at the club meetings, postal mail or via the Internet at www.edmontoncoinclub.com.

This is the last month any unpaid members will receive The Planchet. Any unpaid members will be removed from the ENS databases on April 1, 2010.

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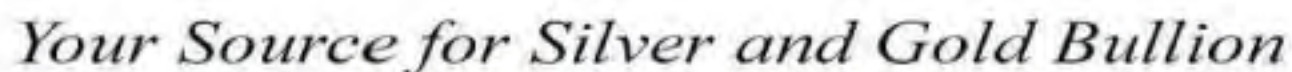
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